

DUBLIN WAITS AUTO RACES

The City Is Filled with Enthusiasts Who Are Watching for Tomorrow's Event.

AMERICAN TEAMS

The Bennett Trophy Cup Draws Many Machines from All Over the World to Contest.

(Special by Scripps-Mellae.) Dublin, July 1.—The city is today filled with visitors for the great automobile race which is to be held tomorrow for the Bennett trophy cup. There are several American machines entered that are considered dark horses.

It is expected that the races will be very fast and that the Americans will do the best work, but that the victory for individual work will go to French and English autoists. The English do not like the edge.

Great care is to be taken for the avoiding of accidents similar to the Paris race and the entire course will be most carefully patrolled by guards all during the race. The present holder of the cup looks for fast time.

BRITISH KILLED TEN THOUSAND

Forces of Mad Mullah Are Defeated in Decisive Manner, While at Rest.

London, July 1.—The war office today received a dispatch from Colonel Rochford, one of the British officers serving with the Abyssinian forces in Somaliland, which says the Abyssinian army on May 31, after a series of forced marches, struck the Mad Mullah's forces near Jedd, surprising them at dawn and killing 10,000 men, and capturing almost all their cattle and sheep and 1,000 camels.

Col. Rochford adds that the Abyssinians have effectually closed to the mullah all the watering places south of the Geriohi Bi Caladi line and he hopes they will soon be in contact with the British forces and thus be able to co-operate in the pursuit of mullah, who is delayed in his movements by the fact that he is crossing a waterless part of the country. The colonel's dispatch was dated June 14.

London, July 1.—Gen. Manning, the British commander at Somaliland, East Africa, has telegraphed to the war office discrediting the reports that several British officers are prisoners in the Mad mullah's camp. The general says deserters from the mullah's forces deny the rumors.

LOCAL W. C. T. U. WERE HOSTESSES

Entertained the Beloit Union and Mrs. K. U. Stevens, on Saturday.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. entertained the members of the Beloit branch in a very pleasant manner yesterday afternoon. The parlors of the First M. E. church were artistically decorated with flowers and white ribbons. Refreshments were served at many small tables which were also decorated with a profusion of flowers. Each guest was given a small bouquet to correspond with the flowers at the refreshment tables. A delightful musical program was given and there were interesting addresses by the members. First was a piano solo by Miss Elva Crawford; prayer, Mrs. Yates; song, "Blest be the Tie That Binds"; vocal solo, Miss Ruth Kline; vocal duet, Mrs. Richards and Miss Davidson; reading, Mrs. Athon; recitation, Master William Hield; piano solo, Miss Crawford; address of welcome, Mrs. Postman; response on behalf of the Beloit union, President Mrs. S. J. Van Alken. Mrs. K. U. Stevens, a former member of the Janesville society gave an interesting talk and there were several informal discussions of department work by the members.

That it was a delightful entertainment was the opinion of all and the ladies from Beloit returned home much pleased with their reception. Mrs. K. U. Stevens will remain in the city until Friday or Saturday, the guest of her many friends in Janesville.

BREEZE NOT GOOD FOR THIRD TRIAL

Sir Thomas Lipton Will See Third Trial Race Which Will Probably Not Be Under The Best Conditions.

(Special by Scripps-Mellae.) Newport, R. I., July 1.—Sir Thomas Lipton arrived here this morning to take in the third trial race of the Constitution, Columbia and Reliance. The race condition is not of the best as the wind is very light.

RUSSIA HAS A LARGE WAR FLEET

Is Ready for Any Trouble That May Come in the Chinese Situation.

Tien-Tsin, July 1.—There is considerable excitement over the gathering of the British, American and Japanese fleets in the northern part of the gulf of Pechili, and it is believed that much significance is attached to their movements. It is asserted that no less than fifty-seven Russian warships are assembled at Port Arthur. The Japanese reserve officers, who were on leave in north China, have been called home.

FORMER DAY WORKER HEADS STEEL TRUST

W. E. Corey Practically Succeeds Charles M. Schwab as President of the Big Concern.

New York, July 1.—W. E. Corey, aged 36 years, who started in at day wages in the Braddock iron mills and worked his way up to the presidency of the Carnegie Steel company, is now the active head of the \$100,000,000 United States Steel corporation. His title is assistant to the president, but his work is that of president in every salient particular.

Charles M. Schwab, who also started at day wages in the Braddock mills and rose to the head of the biggest concern in the world, and received, according to common report, the largest salary ever paid, is still president, but only in name. His assistant will run the United States Steel corporation.

The deposing of Schwab is as sensational as the other important points in his career. He has in the last few years been the subject of more kinds and varieties of rumors than even J. P. Morgan.

It is generally accepted as a fact that Mr. Schwab's connection with the shipbuilding company is one of the chief reasons for his retirement.

CHICAGO MAY BE WITHOUT WATER SUPPLY VERY SOON

Union Firemen Threaten to Turn Off City Water Supply Unless They Have More Pay.

(Special by Scripps-Mellae.) Chicago, Ill., July 1.—The union firemen have sent in a formal notice to the city engineer that they will cut off the water supply of the city unless they are granted an increase of from sixty-eight to seventy-five dollars a month. They say the council must act on demands Wednesday night or they will strike.

STATE NOTES

Paul Kurtz was drowned near Star Lake, Wis., on Sunday.

Baraboo, by a vote of 457 to 88, decided on Tuesday to issue \$85,000 in bonds for a new waterworks plant. Prominent business men in Kenosha are making an effort to secure the location of the plant of the Racine Boat company.

The Mitchell & Lewis company of Racine has announced that on account of litigation they will not build their contemplated \$200,000 factory. The divorce case of Augusta Voge against Frederick Voge, who shot his wife and himself through jealousy, will come up for trial at Racine today.

Edward Myers, a Milwaukee man, who robbed the saloon of Chris Heck at Racine, was sentenced to the state prison for one year on Friday. The will of Samuel Eager, admitted to probate at Racine, leaves \$22,000 in personal property and \$15,000 in real estate, which four children inherit.

Prof. A. D. Tarnutzer, instructor in physics and natural sciences in the St. Boygan high school, has been appointed principal vice J. S. Roessler, resigned.

Annie Murphy, oldest daughter of Thomas Murphy of Beaver, Marinette county, was killed last night by being thrown from a carriage while driving into her father's yard, her neck being broken.

George Overby, an employee of the Milwaukee road, fell backward from a train of cars running fifteen miles an hour at Racine on Tuesday, striking on the back of his head but did not sustain the slightest injury.

It is thought that one of a party of excursionists who came from St. Joseph, Michigan, to Keweenaw on Sunday last was drowned in Lake Michigan, as the life saving crew found a hat floating in the surf near the station yesterday afternoon.

The annual reunion of the alumni association of the Sheboygan high school, the arrangements for which were in the hands of the class of '02, was the most successful in the history of the school, covers for upward of 100 being laid for the banquet, which was held in the assembly hall.

BRUTAL DEGENERATE MURDERS A NEWSBOY

Remains of Seven-Year-Old Lad Are Shockingly Mutilated by Unknown Person.

Rockford, Ill., July 1.—The remains of Richard Tebbetts, a newsboy 7 years old, who disappeared June 22 were found by section men near the Driving park, about two miles north of the city. The circumstances point to a brutal murder, but the motive is a mystery.

TRAIN WRECK KILLS FORTY

Europe Startled by an Awful Smash-Up at Schaerbock, Near Brussels.

HEAD COLLISION

One Passenger Train from Antwerp Smashes Into Another, Smashing Both into Bits.

(Special by Scripps-Mellae.) Brussels, July 1.—The passenger train from Antwerp for this city collided with another near Schaerbock this morning and completely telescoped the first four cars. Forty persons were killed and many others badly injured.

London Report London, July 1.—Word has been received from Schaerbock that the Antwerp express collided with another passenger train that city and that forty passengers and trainmen were killed and many injured.

Caught on Fire The wreck caught on fire and much trouble was experienced in taking the wounded from the ruins. Medical aid was hurried to the scene from Brussels and Antwerp. Mistake in orders is assigned as the cause of the accident.

CHINESE TREATY BEING DISCUSSED

Prince Chang and Minister Conger Have a Long Discussion on the Subject.

Peking, July 1.—Prince Chang, president of the foreign office, today returned from the summer palace in order to hold a conference with Minister Conger in regard to the commercial treaty between China and the United States. It is understood that the Russian opposition, which the Chinese foreign office insists prevents its signature, is unchanged, though friends of the American treaty profess to expect that the coming conference between Gen. Kouropatkin, the Russian war minister, and Mr. Lessar, the Russian minister to China, at Port Arthur will result in the removal of the Russian opposition.

An official telegram has been sent to the new viceroy of Canton directing him to order the troops in the field to exterminate the remaining rebels in Kwang-Si province, where, it is understood, the suffering from the famine eclipses the losses caused by the rebellion.

SHOPS OF JEWS ARE DESTROYED

Defeat of the Clerical Candidate Causes Riot in Alsace-Lorraine.

Strassburg, Alsace-Lorraine, July 1.—The defeat of a clerical candidate for election to the reichstag in a country district adjacent to Strassburg caused a riotous outbreak today against Protestants and Jews. Two hundred clerical voters gathered paraded the streets, hooting and stoning Jewish shops. The rioters tried to liberate their arrested friends, which caused revolver shots to be exchanged. The clericals have declared a boycott against the Jews and Protestants.

BOGUS PRINCE LET OFF EASILY

Son of a Coachman Who Married Countess Russell, Gets Light Sentence.

London, July 1.—William Brown, the son of a coachman, who married Countess Russell after the latter had secured a divorce from Earl Russell, pleaded guilty today to a charge of misdemeanor in having wrongly described himself in the marriage register of Portsmouth as "Prince Athol Stuart de Moleana." He was sentenced to two days' imprisonment.

Countess Russell is a daughter of Lady Scott and married Earl Russell in 1890. The earl secured an American divorce and married Mollie Somerville at Reno, Nev. The countess thereupon sued for divorce on the ground the earl had committed bigamy.

The earl was tried before the house of lords, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

Public Hanging. Jackson, Miss., July 3.—Charles Strickland and Sol Glascock were hanged at Holly Springs in the presence of 3,000 people. Both men dropped through the same trap. They were convicted of murder.

A RICH MAN IS THE DEFENDANT

W. Gould Brockaw, Member of New York's Four Hundred, Sued for \$50,000.

PRETTY PLAINTIFF

Widow Asks the Money on the Grounds of Broken Promise To Marry Her.

(Special by Scripps-Mellae.) New York, July 1.—W. Gould Brockaw, one of the New York Four Hundred, leader of the yachting and elite and prominent at all social functions, has been sued for fifty thousand dollars for breach of promise.

Pretty Plaintiff Mrs. Kathryn Pollon, a very strikingly pretty woman, is the plaintiff in the action and she avers in her complaint that Brockaw promised to marry her, but has thus far failed to do it or show any inclination to do so.

Prince of Cads In speaking of Mr. Brockaw, Mrs. Pollon calls him the Prince of Cads. The papers in the suit were filed some days ago but the name of the defendant was kept a secret until this morning when the case was called.

TRANSFERS VICTOR HUGO'S RESIDENCE

Descendants of the Author Present It to the Municipality of Paris.

Paris, July 1.—The historic mansion on the Place des Voles, in which Victor Hugo spent the most active years of his life, was presented today to the municipality of Paris by the grandchildren and other kin of the great author. The event attracted widespread interest in literary circles. Paul Meurice pointed out that the gift was designed to give France a memorial similar to England's home of Shakespeare and Germany's home of Goethe. The condition of the mansion is much the same as when Victor Hugo occupied it. The room where Hugo died is exactly as it was at the time of his demise. The house also contains many souvenirs of Victor Hugo's friends, including La Martine, George Sand and the older Dumas. The ceremony was attended by the leading members of the Academy and other lights of literature. The president of the municipal council accepted the gift from M. Meurice, who spoke in behalf of the descendants of Victor Hugo.

SQUADRON LEFT KIEL YESTERDAY

American Vessels Start for Portsmouth, England, After Big Regatta.

Kiel, July 1.—The United States squadron sailed at 6 o'clock last night from Kiel, all the German ships saluting and the Americans replying. The flagship Kearsarge, the Chicago and the San Francisco will go through the Cattergat, stopping at Kallundberg, Denmark, for two days. The Maches will go by way of the Kiel Canal to Brunsbuttle, and thence will rendezvous with the other American ships south of Spithead. The squadron will arrive at Portsmouth July 7.

CUMMINS CONTROLS IOWA CONVENTION

His Radical Tariff Ideas Will Be Put Into the State Platform.

(Special by Scripps-Mellae.) Des Moines, July 1.—The caucuses preceding the republican state convention which was called to order this morning emphasized the fact that Gov. Cummins was in complete control and that he had dictated the formation of each committee despite the bitter opposition of the Iowa congressional delegation which begged in vain for a modification of the tariff reform plank which implies that monopolies have been benefited by some tariff schedules. The caucus gave the Cummins crowd the complete control of the convention this afternoon and he chose N. E. Kendall of Abbia for permanent chairman. None of the congressional delegation were given any opportunity to obtain places on committees.

YOUNG GIRL IN BOY'S ATTIRE

Dons Chum's Suit in Order to Beat Way on Railroad.

Columbus, O., July 1.—Laura Anderson, aged 14, of Dennison, attired in men's clothing, and William Irvin, aged 14, of Columbus, were arrested by a Pan Handle Railroad policeman in the local yards. Miss Anderson explained that she desired to return home, but had no money, and Irvin offered to help her out by furnishing her a suit of his clothes and accompanying her.

SERVANS CLOSE THE SKUPSHITINA

Will Not Do Any Further Business Until New Parliament Is Elected.

Belgrade, Servia, July 1.—At the meeting of the skupshitina today Premier Avakumovich read a ukase closing the session specially summoned by the provisional government June 11. After reading the ukase the premier added that the government had concluded that it was better to postpone all legislation until the new skupshitina was elected. The elections are expected to take place in the middle of September, and will doubtless result in a considerable increase in the number of extreme radicals in the house. The king has promised that the new cabinet shall be composed in accordance with the results of the elections.

SHERIFF PAYS PENALTY FOR DEFENDING NEGRO

Official Is Wounded by Volley From Mob, Which Secures Keys and Hangs Prisoner.

Scottsboro, Ala., July 1.—Andrew Diggs, a negro, was taken from the jail and hanged by a mob. The negro was arrested for an attempt to criminally assault Miss Alma, the 19-year-old daughter of Dr. B. B. Smith. The sheriff attempted to stand off the mob with two pistols. "Mounting the stairs he said he would kill any one who attempted to come up. The threat was met with a volley, and the sheriff emptied his revolver in reply. One shot took effect in the sheriff's right leg and the other in his pistol arm.

The daughter of the sheriff ran to her father and was at once covered by a pistol in the hands of a member of the mob and made to deliver the keys to the cell in which the negro was confined. One of the masked men summoned a doctor, who responded promptly and dressed the wounds of the sheriff, which are not dangerous. The negro made a confession to the brother of the young woman and others who visited the jail after his capture.

DEFENSE OPENS ITS LINE ON STRANGLER KNAPP CASE

Mother of Prisoner Says Her Son Was Killed in the Head When a Small Boy.

(Special by Scripps-Mellae.) Hamilton, O., July 1.—The defense in the case of Strangler Knapp opened this morning. The mother of the prisoner was the first witness and she testified that her son was killed in the head by a pony, when he was six years old and that since then he has shown signs of mental weakness.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

George Meredith, the English novelist, is seriously ill. Dan Godfrey, the famous bandmaster of the Grenadier guards, is dead. Young women have been installed as ushers of the Methodist church at Uniontown, Pa.

The postoffice department has allowed the Chicago postoffice seventy-five additional clerks. White policemen in Peoria, Ill., threaten to strike because two colored men have been appointed on the force.

Capt. Blackburn, in his 16-foot dory America, started yesterday from off the Nova Scotia coast for Havre, France.

The Rev. Dr. R. T. Briggs, a well known minister of Austin, Tex., in a sermon recently repudiated the idea of a hell.

Andrew Brown, sentenced to jail for four years by a New York judge, had two years added to his sentence for saying he hoped the judge would drop dead.

The vicar of Hexton, the English clergyman who angered Bishop Potter of New York by threatening to publicly protest against the ceremonies in St. Mary's church, spent \$50 a day in New York city in addition to \$7 a day for his quarters at the Fifth avenue hotel.

The comptroller of Texas has been murdered by a discharged employee, who succumbs to wounds inflicted while trying to escape.

Mrs. F. F. Adams, Jr., of Milwaukee claims that a female thief robbed her of \$18,500 on a North-Western train, but Milwaukee police have failed to discover facts to substantiate her story.

The white policemen of Peoria, Ill., have objected to working with colored officers and may resign.

RECEIVER APPOINTED FOR U. S. SHIPBUILDING CO.

Ex-United States Senator James Smith Is Named by the Court as the Receiver.

(Special by Scripps-Mellae.) Newark, N. J., July 1.—James Smith, former United States senator, was this morning appointed receiver for the United States Shipbuilding company by the judge of the United States court.

Municipal Ownership Profitable.

Municipal development of water, gas, electricity, street railways, markets, baths and cemeteries in Nottingham, England, has shown an average annual net profit of \$153,000 for the last four years. The money is applied to the reduction of taxes.

COAL MINERS ON A STRIKE

Thirteen Thousand Alabama Coal Workers Walked Out on Refusal of Demands.

WANTED MORE PAY

They Asked for an Eight-Hour Day, and Five Cents More a Ton.

(Special by Scripps-Mellae.) Birmingham, Ala., July 1.—One of the biggest coal strikes that has ever occurred in this region was brought to a focus this morning when thirteen thousand coal miners in northern Alabama went out on a strike for a raise.

Their Demands The strike is the direct result of the failure of the miners and operators to agree on a wage scale as proposed by the miners some time ago. The miners want an eight-hour day and an increase of five cents a ton on coal mined.

Partial Increase The operators granted the increase of two and one-half cents a ton but denied the demands for a decrease of hours to an eight-hour day. Much trouble is feared before the question is finally settled as both sides are determined.

GET TWENTY DAYS A PIECE IN JAIL

Two Street Fighters Sent to County Bastille Today by Judge Fifield.

Because Charles Carey last evening refused them the "makings" James Irwin and Verne Nelson pounded and abused him cruelly. If the testimony of witnesses may be taken, as a result Irwin and Nelson will spend the coming twenty days in the county jail.

The trouble occurred on North Main street shortly before eight o'clock. Carey stoutly refused to give the cigarette "makings" which Irwin and Nelson demanded, probably because he did not have them, and the two latter attacked him without mercy. At about this time Officers Brown and Fanning appeared and the two young men, who have the record with the police of being "bad boys," ducked into the barber shop near the east side station and thence made their way up the river behind the stores.

The officers followed but went as far as the ice houses without finding them. As they returned by the Rock River Machine company's foundry they saw a head protruding. Investigation revealed the objects of their search, one of them being flattened out beneath a platform and the other hiding in one of the buildings. In the municipal court this morning Irwin and Nelson pleaded guilty. Failing to have \$13.50 each to pay the fine and costs imposed, they were turned over to Sheriff Appleby for twenty days to come.

For the twentieth time the case of the city of Janesville against the Janesville Street Railway company was adjourned for another month this morning. The suit was originally brought for alleged violation of the ordinance regarding the bonding of rails, and will probably be dismissed after one or two more adjournments.

HUNGARY DIET INSULTS PREMIER

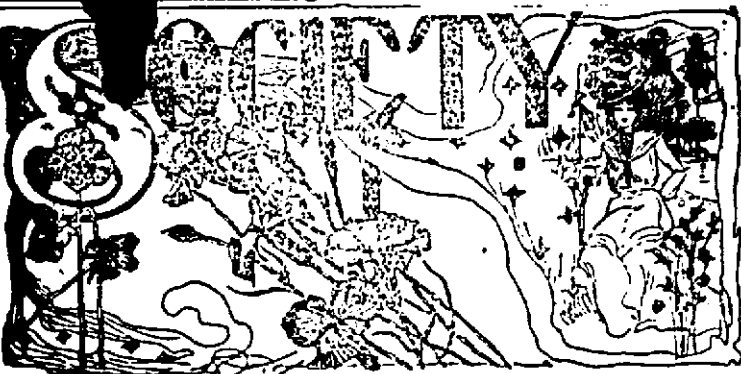
His Appearance in Session Is a Signal for a General Outbreak.

Budapest, July 1.—Premier Hedervary's appearance in the lower house of the Hungarian diet for the purpose of unfolding the ministerial program was signalized by scenes of extraordinary uproar. Count Hedervary referred to the bill increasing the number of Hungarian recruits for the imperial army, and said that the government had decided to suspend for the present any discussion of that measure. Count Hedervary's expression "for the present" called out uproarious protests from the left. Indignant shouts of "trickery," "disgraceful," "revolting" rang through the chamber. When the premier was able to make himself heard he announced his intention of asking the house to vote the financial indemnity bill and to give him authority to commence negotiations for commercial treaties before the customs tariff was completed. The premier concluded with declaring himself a warm supporter of the dual system of government, of a common Austro-Hungarian army and of liberal principles.

HOT WEATHER CONTINUES TO BE FELT IN CHICAGO

Many Deaths Are Reported in the Crowded Districts of the City.

(Special by Scripps-Mellae.) Chicago, Ill., July 1.—The hot wave continued today. The temperature at noon was ninety and a number of deaths due to heat have been reported from the crowded tenement districts.



Prof. Bischoff and wife who are expected in the city soon will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Jeffers. A Janesville lady, who was at Put-in-Bay, Ohio, last summer met Prof. Bischoff who was attending a musical convention, that was being given there. She was one of his pupils several years ago in Janesville but had not met him for fifteen years. He recognized her voice immediately. It shows the wonderful hearing and memory that the blind develop.

Last week seemed to be a gala week for society at the golf grounds. Hardly a day passed, that there was not something going on. One day a luncheon at noon was served on the porch, and about twenty-five came out to supper, and the week wound up with Miss Greenman's dancing party, which was much enjoyed by the guests.

A sketching party were down near the Afton bridge on Tuesday. They went down on the nine o'clock car, taking their lunch, and artists materials with them, where the day was spent in sketching the beautiful surroundings. The party was composed of Mesdames Tarrant, Pember and Tanberg, and Misses Pritchard and Owen, of Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil McDowen, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Howe, and Dr. and Mrs. Judd make up a party who leave next week on an eastern trip. They will go to Canada, will make a trip down the St. Lawrence and will visit New York city and other eastern points. They expect to be gone about a month.

Mr. and Mrs. James Page will join a house party given at the Jones cottage at Delavan lake, on Friday of this week. The party is made up of Chicago and Milwaukee people. They all expect to have a very patriotic and glorious Fourth of July.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Dearborn, of South Bluff street entertained the Duplicate Whist club on Monday evening. It was given in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Allen, of Oshkosh, who have been spending a few days in the city.

The engagement of Miss Mary Smith of Cedar Rapids and Mr. Edward Wilcox is announced. The wedding will take place this fall. Mr. Wilcox is a brother of Mr. Len Wilcox of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Edson Williams of Jefferson avenue are entertaining Mrs. Davidson of Washington, D. C. Mrs. Davidson is head librarian of the congressional library of Washington.

Miss Minnie Jones, who recently opened up the Brunswick hotel in the city of Beloit is doing a flourishing business. Her patrons are among

the best people in Beloit, as well as a great many of the traveling public.

Mrs. Addie Pierce gave her Sunday school class a treat on Saturday afternoon by inviting them to picnic on the spacious grounds of the Pease home. A very inviting repast was served at five o'clock.

The boys from the School for the Blind on their recent trip cleared about forty dollars for each one. The quartette will represent the School for the Blind of Wisconsin at the St. Louis exposition.

Mr. and Mrs. George Thomas went to Appleton on Tuesday to spend the Fourth. They will celebrate on the banks of Winnebago lake, then visit for about ten days.

Dr. Will Palmer is remodeling his home on St. Lawrence place. Part of it will be torn down, and the other part will be made into a modern house.

Mr. and Mrs. Kimberly of South Main street have their daughter from Evanston, Ill., with them on a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. George Parker of Court street left for Iowa on Monday morning where they will visit Mr. Parker's old home for ten days.

Mrs. Henry Palmer has been with her daughter in Denver, Col., for about five weeks. She is expected home this week.

Mrs. Malcolm Jeffris of South Main street will entertain on Wednesday afternoon the Ladies Whist club.

Dr. Judd and family spent Sunday at Idlewild camp on the river bank, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. Howe.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fifield and family expect to go into camp at Lauderdale lake this week.

Mrs. Robert Denison will remain away all of this week. She has gone on a visit to her mother.

Miss Belle Carpenter of Chicago, was the Sunday guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Carpenter.

Mrs. A. E. Matheson has been visiting her parents at Elkhorn the past week.

Henry Cody was at Hoard's hotel, at Lake Koshkonong to spend Sunday.

Mrs. James Hall has invited the ladies of a euchre club for Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Herbert Baker is recovering from a severe illness.

Miss Sybil Nash is in Chicago.

CROP OUTLOOK IS VERY GOOD

Some of the Southern States Have Suffered from Too Much Rain.

The crop report from Washington issued today by the weather bureau says that throughout the central valleys, lake region, Atlantic coast districts, and the most northern of the southern states the week has been decidedly cool and the Atlantic coast and east gulf states have suffered from continued rains. While too cool for rapid growth, crops have made favorable advancement in the central valleys, where the general absence of heavy rains has been favorable for cultivation and harvesting. Warmth and sunshine are greatly needed in the Atlantic coast and east gulf districts.

Drought conditions in South Dakota have been largely relieved, but continue with damaging effects in North Dakota and northern Minnesota. Rain is needed in the central portion of Washington, while work has been interrupted by rains in western Oregon; elsewhere on the Pacific coast the conditions have been generally favorable. Further improvement in the condition of corn is generally reported, and, while the report continues late, it is making good growth over the western portion of the corn belt, the condition of the crop in Iowa now closely approximating the average. In the middle Atlantic states corn has made slow growth, is backward, and much in need of cultivation.

Except over local areas the weather conditions have been favorable for winter wheat harvest in the central valleys, but this work has been interrupted by rains in the middle Atlantic states. A marked improvement in the condition of winter wheat is reported from New York and Michigan, and the crop is maturing rapidly in good condition in Nebraska.

In North Dakota there has been a decided deterioration in spring wheat as a result of drought, which has also proved damaging in portions of South Dakota and southern Minnesota. Generally, however, in South Dakota and in the uplands of southern Minnesota, the crop is in thrifty condition, and it continues promising in Wisconsin, Iowa, and Nebraska. A decided improvement is reported from Washington and Oregon, except in central Washington, where drought is causing injury. Except in North Dakota and portions of South Dakota, Minnesota,

and the upper Ohio valley, the oat crop has made favorable advancement. Harvesting is in progress as far north as southern Missouri. The condition of cotton is generally improved throughout the belt, but continues late and is suffering for cultivation in the eastern districts, where low night temperatures have checked growth. Rice and rust have caused injury in North Carolina and Missouri, and in Texas boll weevil are spreading and are more injurious. The crop is also suffering for cultivation in portions of Louisiana and central and northern Texas. Sunshine and heat are generally needed, especially in the central and eastern districts.

In the tobacco districts the weather conditions have been favorable for this crop, which, however, is in need of cultivation in Maryland. A fine crop of hay is being secured in the central valleys, and the condition of grasses in the middle Atlantic states is much improved.

STREET GETS AN ADVERSE VERDICT

Is Adjusted Guilty of Assault and Battery by Jury in Municipal Court—Illegal Fishing.

After a trial continuing through the greater part of the day, a verdict of guilty was yesterday returned by the jury drawn to hear the facts in the assault and battery case brought against Street, the tenant of a farm owned by Mrs. S. Fannie Phillips. According to the complaint Street slapped and bruised Mrs. Estella Staplin, daughter of Mrs. Phillips, because she attempted to interfere with his mistreatment of some stock on the farm.

A fine of five dollars and costs was imposed by Judge Fifield, after the jury had returned their verdict. Conklin, Warner, and Cadman, three prominent Beloit business men, who were arrested by Deputy Game Warden Drafi for catching fish with a net were each fined ten dollars and costs in the municipal court.

ST. CATHERINE CIRCLE PARTY

Reading Society Entertains in Honor of Miss Dorothy Madouse. At the home of Mrs. Oscar H. Pyper the St. Catherine Reading Circle last evening entertained in honor of Miss Dorothy Madouse, progressive club being the game of the evening. The prizes were carried away by Mrs. John Baker and Mrs. J. H. Burns.

WISCONSIN MAY HAVE MANEUVERS

Is Racing with Kentucky for Stellar Honors in This Branch of Service.

It is expected that the coming visit of the congressional committee on military affairs to Camp Douglas, will practically settle the question of Wisconsin or Kentucky getting the field maneuvers of the United States regulars.

The committees of the house and senate, with Adj. Gen. Corbin, Assistant Secretary of War Sanger, and other prominent men will gather in Chicago about July 15, making the trip to Camp Douglas by special train and spending a day here, investigating the advantages of the site. They will then go on to St. Paul for a two days' inspection of Fort Snelling.

Congressman Esch of La Crosse and Congressman Stevens are arranging the details of the visit.

West Point, Ky., near Louisville, is a strong candidate for the camp, and the decision lies between the two. Gen. Bates, department of the lakes, has endorsed the Kentucky site. Minneapolis national guardsmen and the solid Minnesota delegation in congress are bringing every possible influence to bear in favor of Camp Douglas. Gen. Kohbe, commanding the department of the Dakotas, is strongly in favor of Camp Douglas.

Congressman Esch says that the establishment of a permanent military camp of instruction at Camp Douglas will mean the yearly mobilization there of all the available army forces in the middle west.

DOINGS AT THE RAILWAY CENTER

Persons of Employees in the Local Yards and Along the Line.

The announcement was made yesterday that W. J. Leahy, assistant general passenger agent of the Rock Island, is in future to have jurisdiction over the lines west of the Missouri river. On the resignation of E. W. Thompson as assistant general passenger agent in charge of the western lines the position was abolished and the whole system consolidated.

For the year ending June 30, 1933, the gross earnings from the operation of the railroads in the United States, arising from the operation of 200,154.66 miles of line, were \$1,726,350,267, being an increase of \$137,551,230 over 1932.

The number of passengers carried during the year of 1933 ending June 30, as shown by the annual reports of the railroads, were 649,878,505, showing an increase for the year of 32,600,384.

The Chicago Great Western has given a setback to the adoption of the 2,000 miles interchangeable mileage book of the Western Passenger association by refusing to vote for its adoption.

Contracts were awarded yesterday by the Baltimore & Ohio railroad for 40,000 tons of steel rail, the aggregate cost of which will be \$1,120,000. W. H. Starr, superintendent of the

Operator C. R. Smallwood of the North-Western road has been transferred to the Milwaukee division and will be stationed at Allis, Milwaukee.

Mr. G. F. Bingham, formerly night operator at the Y. D. tower, C. & N. W. line will take Mr. Smallwood's position permanently.

The C. & N. W. Ry. will run another excursion to Fort Sheridan and Zion City, Tuesday, July 11. Round trip \$1.50. Leave Janesville 7:15 a. m.

The annual report of the American Locomotive works for the year ending June 30, shows an increase of \$6,465,337 in earnings.

The caboose on the last stock train from Madison to Chicago, over the St. Paul was derailed last night and the train was delayed for six hours at McFarland.

Two carloads of cherries arrived here over the North-Western line from the nurseries at Arlington Heights, near Chicago.

It is said that the railroad facilities of the North-Western road at Huron, S. D., will be greatly improved in the near future.

David Griffin, North-Western yardmaster and J. Mulligan expect to leave today for a trip to Chicago on business.

Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific railway, has resigned. He is succeeded by M. W. Maguire.

Engineer George Allen of the St. Paul road is off duty for a few days.

Engineer M. Smith of the North-Western line is taking a short vacation.

A. M. Crowley will go on R. Smith's run temporarily.

Stores Close July 4th

We, the undersigned, agree to keep our stores open Friday evening, July 3, and to close at 12 o'clock on Saturday, July 4th:

Brown Bros.
Amos Rehberg & Co.
Maynard Shoe Co.
King & Cowles.
D. J. Luby & Co.
J. L. Ford & Son.
J. J. Ziegler Clothing Co.
R. M. Bostwick.
C. F. Achterberg.
S. D. Grubb.
John J. Pecher.
Frank H. Baack.
Golden Eagle.

NEW DEPARTMENT BEGAN TODAY

THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR NOW STARTED.

SECY CORTELYOU AT HEAD

Much Work Has Been Done to Arrange for the New Department.

Today the new department of commerce and labor will take its place among the working departments of the government. The various bureaus which have been transferred from the old departments to the new by the act creating it come under the control of Secretary Cortelyou. It is the biggest moving day that the government has had in many years and Mr. Cortelyou has been looking up precedents for light as to the proper observance of the day.

He has discovered that in the days when this government was dividing itself into departments it was too busy to make lengthy chronicle of the fact. The archives merely state "the secretary took the oath of office and proceeded to discharge the duties of his office." This brief form was followed when the agricultural department was born and the occasion was of comparatively recent date.

Without Precedent Thus he finds himself practically without precedent, for it does not even remain for him to take the oath, as he has already done so. The law fixed July 1 as the birthday of the department of commerce and labor and it was known that congress would not be in session on that day. The president appointed Cortelyou immediately after the enactment of the law and after being confirmed by the senate he was administered the oath.

Keeping a Record Future departments which may be created will not have to grope in the dark for precedent, as Mr. Cortelyou is keeping a close and thorough record of the growth of the department of labor and commerce. Photographic tab is also kept on its progress. In this pictorial history of the new department the first illustration shows the department when its headquarters were in the white house. After Mr. Cortelyou had been made a member of the cabinet he looked around for quarters. Finally the president came to his assistance and apportioned a small room in the white house office building. For the next month the department of commerce and labor consisted of a desk and two chairs. Then temporary quarters were found in an old building which had been occupied by a financial corporation. There were half a dozen offices fitted with stock furniture. The department is now located in a new office building in 14th street and the interior of the building has been arranged to the best advantage possible for the needs of a public office. While this building will be finely furnished and decorated, it is not regarded as the permanent home of the department. Mr. Cortelyou hopes in the near future congress will authorize the construction of a building sufficiently large to take care of the department for years to come and sufficiently imposing in appearance to measure with the importance of the department.

Much Work For three months Mr. Cortelyou and Commissioner Garfield of the bureau of corporations have been working eighteen hours a day upon what they please to call the foundation for the department. Two commissions, one appointed by President Roosevelt and the other a supplementary affair named by Secretary Cortelyou, are also laboring with the same class of work.

The laws affecting the department are being compiled and indexed and the various provisions of the creating act are being construed by the best lawyers in the government's employ. Then plans are in making for the readjustment of the work of the old bureaus which come into the new department. It has been discovered that the government has been doing a vast amount of duplication. For instance, the census, the bureau of statistics of the treasury department, the department of agriculture and the department of labor have all been gathering information on the same subject matter. This is not only a waste of money and energy but it is extremely annoying to the busy Americans to whom the government agents apply for the desired information. Mr. Cortelyou does not intend that the new department will aggravate this annoyance. Instead he intends to minimize it by carefully sorting the work of the various bureaus so that there shall be no duplication.

FIREMEN LEAVE THE DEPARTMENT

T. F. Abbott and Peter Champlon Give Up Their Places in the City's Service.

Two resignations in the fire department have taken from the city service men who have for over ten years been among the foremost members of the department—Peter Champlon, driver of the combination ladder and hose wagon, and T. F. Abbott, hoseman in hose company No. 1. Abbott and Champlon have applied for license to conduct the saloon at 21 South Main street, now operated by J. H. Croak, and commonly known as the "Bank."

Will Conroy and J. C. Aldrich have been advanced by Chief Klein to fill the vacant places.

ROCK ISLAND IS AGAINST MILEAGE

Chairman of the Western Passenger Association Receives Pro-Test to Plan.

Resignation to the formal vote of the railroad lines in the Western Passenger association mileage bureau progressed far enough yesterday to bring out the expected negative ballot of the Rock Island on the proposition to change the present system of interchangeable mileage on credentials to the form of ticket which will be good on trains.

It is understood that the opposition to the modified proposition, or at least the vote against it, is based both on the matter of the proposal and the manner in which it was arranged and put before the members. The Rock Island has filed a statement of the grounds of objection with the chairman of the Western Passenger association. In this the fact that the modified proposition was discussed and its submission to a vote was agreed upon at a meeting at which the Rock Island was not represented in one of these grounds of protest.

The Chicago and North-Western announces a change in the passenger train schedule which will shorten the day service from Marquette and Green Bay to Milwaukee and Chicago by one hour. The passenger train leaving Ishpeming at 8:55 a. m. connects with the train which now leaves Marquette at 8:30 a. m. thirty minutes earlier than formerly, arrives at Milwaukee ten minutes earlier than heretofore, and at Chicago at 9 p. m. instead of 9:30, the old time. A shortening of the running time of the North-Western limited from Chicago to St. Paul also goes in to effect the present week.

GAZETTE PRINTS THE NEWS FIRST

List of the Late Telegraph Published Yesterday by The Gazette, in Chicago Papers This Morning.

Last night's Gazette printed the following articles which were all played up for prominent stories in the Milwaukee and Chicago papers this morning. This means that the readers of the Gazette had their news twenty hours earlier than if they had waited for this morning's papers.

The Gazette uses the Scripps-McRae press service which supplies a large number of papers both in the east and west. The Chicago American has the same afternoon service and the Milwaukee Free Press the morning service which is known as the Publishers' Press. The following is the list of articles which received prominence in this morning's papers:

Controller Love shot.
Lynchings in Alabama.
Shamrocks racing.
Reliance and Columbia race.
Lost child found in Chicago.
Two hundred killed in western mine.
Cotton break falls to come.
Millage problem discussed in railway circles.
The wheat crop.
Letter on New York financial conditions.

Real Estate Transfers
Samuel B. Winters & Wife to Edna Estella Williams \$1,000, lot 7 bix 8 Held Add Vol 163dd.

Winnie I. Ford & Husband to A. R. Barker \$2,000 lots 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 bix 11 Clinton & Pierce Add Vol 163.
Sidney E. Pierce to Albert E. Metz et al \$500.00 lots 9-89-11 Park Add to Gillman Park Vol 163dd.

The gross earnings of the Missouri Pacific for the third week in June show an increase of \$52,000.

Calumet Baking Powder

A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

Last Call

FOR Lace Curtains

Get them in at once and we will clean them like new. We have pleased thousands during our 20 years in business here and maybe we can please you.

Carl Brockhaus.
29 E. Milwaukee St. New Phone 312
Good called for and delivered.

When the sun gets big and round,
Hires Rootbeer should be around.
A package makes five gallons.
CHARLES E. HIRES CO.
Mabers, Pa.



Buob's Pure Beer.

None better made. Every drop means health. Order a case by Phone. We deliver.

South Side Brewery, PHONE 141.

Investors

Take a trip with me to Opelda and Vilas counties, Wisconsin, and look at the

FINE TRACTS OF TIMBER.

I can show you, included in the 100,000 acres just placed on the market for the first time. R. R. fare only about \$7.00 round trip, and will credit you with that if you buy. Come quick and get the best.

D. CONGER.

Our Prices Do The Business.

No dental firm in the West is better able to do your dental work than we are. Surely no dental firm in the city can meet our prices—that's just the reason why we have enjoyed the dental business of Janesville since leaving here. We are satisfied with a fair profit. All examinations free.

Whitcomb Dental Parlors.

Suite 304 Jackson Bldg. Phone 712.

Do You Bake Bread? Dry Maple Wood

Then why not use our

BADGER COAL CO.

City Office Peoples Drug Co. Main Office, Academy St. Phones 76-

The Mrs. Clark Company's NEW Lunch Room

153 Michigan Ave. Between Monroe and Adams Sts. CHICAGO

NOW OPEN

Home cooking, moderate prices, prompt and quiet service. Location handy to all lake boats, elevated and surface cars. Open week days only from 7 a. m. until 7:30 p. m. Tel. Central 21-61. A Good Place to Eat When in Chicago.

FOR SALE.

Desirable home in First ward, with barn.

HAYNER & BEERS.

2 Jackson Bldg. No. 308, 2nd floor.

...Forty Years Ago...

Janesville Daily Gazette, Wednesday, July 1, 1863.—It is stated that the rebel army before Harrisburg has retreated in the direction of York and that Lee's headquarters are at Shippenburg, Penn. This being so, the rebels have probably become alarmed at the movements of the Potomac army, and decline coming any further until the decisive battle is fought.

The Pacific Railroad.—Information has been received from Kansas to the effect that the first forty miles of the great Pacific railway will be completed during the present year. It commences at the mouth of the Kansas or Kaw river, and follows the valley of that stream.

A Healthy City.—The record of interments in the Oak Hill cemetery, from this city during the past month, was only three persons. For a summer month, the mortality is very light in a population of 9,000.

Harrisburg.—A citizen of Carlisle who left there at eleven o'clock, arrived here this afternoon and states

that infantry 40,000 strong, with 30 pieces of artillery, left this morning for Gettysburg. On his way he met nothing but cavalry pickets.

Johnston is at Canton with about 15,000 men. Some 7,000 are at Yazoo City. His pickets are at Bear creek, seven miles from Haines Bluff. A scouting party of cavalry yesterday, in a dash upon an outpost, captured 14 prisoners of the Mississippi cavalry.

Memphis, June 29.—The news from Vicksburg is becoming interesting. Gen. Logan, having mined the heavy works of the enemy, opposite his post, or rather, one corner of it, blew it up on Saturday, and the enemy made a vigorous effort to prevent our troops from occupying it. One of the sharpest encounters of the war followed, the enemy concentrating their whole force, but all to little purpose.

Col. Hatch, of the 2nd Iowa cavalry, has just returned from an extensive raid into Mississippi. He penetrated to a point near Grenada, cut up railroads and destroyed a large amount of rebel stores.

Take Down The Speeches.

If there is any position in the government service more exacting in time, talent and attention than that of senate stenographers it is kept in concealment, for it is not known to men, says the Kansas City Star. The duties of stenographers in the house are far simpler, because there each member revises, or is supposed to revise, a typewritten copy of what he has said on the floor. Thus the responsibility for mistakes is placed upon the member and the stenographer reads his copy of the Congressional Record the next morning without misgivings. Not so with the stenographer who reports a senator's speech, for the senator in only a few instances revises his remarks. He leaves that pleasant task to the stenographer. Not one speech in ten is submitted to the senator who delivers it before it goes to the printers. Mistakes in use of words, bad construction, unfortunate allusions to the classics and misquoted lines from the poets must be set to rights by the stenographer. In some instances senators carefully prepare their remarks and in advance deliver a copy to the stenographer, which is gratefully received, and occasionally a senator will get a copy of his speech, and return it to the stenographer with mistakes eliminated, but such cases are few and far between. It is the rule that the stenographer must perform the duties of reporter and editor as well.

It costs the government \$25,000 a year to reproduce the speeches of senators in the form of typewritten copy for the printers who work on the Congressional Record. There are five expert stenographers and their work on the floor is arranged in half hour turns. Shorthand reporting in the senate is not only more exacting than in the house, but there is more of it to be done. The average session of each body is about four and a half hours' duration, but a greater number of words are spoken in the senate than in the house. This is due largely to the fact that the senate chamber being much smaller, than that of the house, it is not necessary that a senator speak in such loud tones as must be employed by the member of the house, who wants his colleagues to hear

what he is saying. The senator, therefore, can speak more rapidly. The consumption of time, with the roll calls in the house also restrict the volume of shorthand business there. There are 357 members of the lower branch and it takes about forty-five minutes to call their names and record their "yea" or "nay." The full membership of the senate is only ninety and a roll call means only a few minutes interference with a debate. In the house the stenographers take positions on the floor near the member who is speaking, so as not to miss his words. In the senate the stenographers usually sit at a desk in front of the presiding officer, where they hear clearly what is spoken on the floor.

Interruptive discussion described in newspaper reports as "running debate" has become such an established feature of the senate proceedings that a senator rarely is permitted to deliver a speech without interruption from an opponent, who asks a question, or an ally, who has a suggestion to offer. The late James G. Blaine is said to have done more than any other senator to develop this form of discussion. Mr. Blaine had served in the house for many years and in the senate he never overcame the habit, formed in the house, of interrupting with questions. Such a custom was practically unknown in the senate when Mr. Blaine entered that body and his dignity received many jolts from the senator from Maine, who ruthlessly entangled and exposed weak places in the argument of an opponent. Now senatorial courtesy demands that a senator yield for interruption, although the senator interrupting may follow his question with remarks that will lead to a discussion of a subject entirely foreign to the "pending business."

A senate stenographer who has reported the debates in that body for several years said that Senator Vest was probably the easiest man in the senate to follow, and that stenographers always congratulated themselves when they "got Vest." The Missouri senator, he considered, "the best man on his feet in the senate."

Roustabouts of Big River.

Mississippi steamboat men are planning a change in the conduct of their business which may have far-reaching results, even away from the river country, says the New York Commercial Advertiser. Their plan is simply to substitute white for negro labor in loading and unloading their boats, but the adoption of this plan is certain to bring about a more general shifting in the labor market. The complaint against the colored man, is that he has become "so untrustworthy that the steamboat business is seriously hampered, and the freight carrying trade interfered with."

This does not seem perfectly consistent with the further statement that the natives and other officers prefer the negroes for this work, though this seems to be admitted. The interesting phrase of the whole matter is the prediction that if the negroes are displaced at the docks, they will go back to the cotton fields, where their labor is in real demand. The advocates of the change say that competent white men will be willing and glad to take the jobs on the river front while inland, the plantation owners are hard put to find tenants and laborers. If the situation were so simple as that the solution would be easy. The negro roustabout is not an institution of immemorial antiquity. White men, it appears, were used to advantage on the Mississippi steamboats in the early days and the negroes came into the field only because slave-owners found there was money to be made by setting their hands to load steamboats. Those who are dissatisfied with negro labor, therefore, contend that they are merely restoring original conditions.

The difficulty to their plan is apparent at once. The roustabouts are said to be among the best paid laborers in the country, receiving as much as \$75 a month, with lodging and four meals a day. The attractions which have brought such numbers of country negroes to the cities doubtless exercise a stronger influence on these men than on their fellows in less profitable callings. A field hand's work may not appeal to them at the start, and, into the bargain, they may not make good field hands. The "rouster" of the lower Mississippi with his songs, his nondescript costume, and his tremendous shout spasmotic activity, has been so often celebrated in song and story that his loss would be felt by a generation of dialect story writers.

Parties are being formed at various points in the west for the purpose of making this journey in continental company. The officials of the Chicago and North-Western advise that the movement as now anticipated is very large.

LIST OF LETTERS
Remainder cancelled for the Janesville, Wis., postoffice, for the week ending July 1, 1903.

LADIES.
Baldinger, Miss Mary
Canary, Miss Lizzie
Franklin, Miss Mae
Hopkins, Miss Leah
Lawrence, Mrs. Edith
McIntosh, Miss Martha
Muller, Mrs. K
Smith, Miss Josephine
Shelton, Tiffie
Wall, Mrs. Mary

GENTLEMEN.
Addy, T. E.
Bergman, W. H.
Crosby, Frank
Erickson, Carl
Holmes, P. A.
Jones, J. E.
Lally, James A.
Mason, G. W.
Mappes, George
Sutton, M. M.
Schulz, Fred

LADIES.
Campbell, Mrs. P.
Fox, Miss Julia
Green, Miss Minnie
Huber, Miss Kate
McKuen, Mrs. David
Rice, Mrs. Bertha
Spangler, Mrs. Bell
Starr, Mrs. M. E.
Snyder, Elma
Webster, Mrs. Fannie

GENTLEMEN.
Hastin, Leonard
Culbert, Ed.
Dalbert, J. J.
Ford, H. W.
Jones, J. C.
Kruiger, A. C.
Lead, Chas. A.
Lemo, P. O.
McKee, F. W.
Newman, J. T.
Pinkerton, John W.
Shilkhinton, Dr. Chas. (S)
Sligh, J. M.

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "advertised," naming the date.

O. F. NOWLAN, P. M.

First Fight at Gettysburg

A Fortieth Anniversary War Story
July 1, 1863

(Copyright, 1903, by G. L. Kilmer.)

A T daylight July 1, 1863, a New York corporal in charge of the pickets on the Chambersburg road, just west of the town of Gettysburg, saw some strange men coming down the road from the direction of Chambersburg. His orders were not to fire upon any one approaching from that quarter, but to notify the pickets on the right and left of his post and also the reserve pickets in his rear. The corporal obeyed orders literally until the newcomers fired upon him. Then, soldierlike, he fired back.

Those early morning shots on the outskirts of a sleepy inland hamlet then unknown to fame were not necessarily the signal for a great battle. Neither the soldiers who fought there nor the generals who led expected a decisive combat at Gettysburg. The men who woke up the Yankee corporal's fighting vim were Confederates tramping confidently forward, little dreaming that their march would be opposed. They belonged to General Henry Heth's division, and the object of their march was "shoes and sugar." A scouting trip to Gettysburg the day before had revealed to Heth the fact that these much needed commodities could be found there. On the heels of this first visit some Yankee cavalry out on a hunt for Jeb Stuart's noted raiders dashed into the town and trailed Heth's men out on the Chambersburg road as far as the crossing of Willoughby creek. The enterprising leader of the cavalry stationed pickets along the creek and reported his discovery back to Federal headquarters

compelled the brigade to go forward in a half circle, the extremities of the line crossing the creek and cutting off the Tennesseans, who had passed over. The Federal center closed in, capturing Archer and nearly all of his command.

The Confederates had been told that they would meet no enemies at Gettysburg except local militia, but when the distinguishing black headgear of the Iron Brigade burst on their vision in the depths of the woods they stared in surprise and cried out: "Tain't no militia. It's the Army of the Potomac! There are those black hatted fellows again!"

Cutler's brigade met Davis' Mississippians rushing along on open ground and was split in twain at the first collision. Two regiments were badly "cut up," and Hall's battery was forced to run for safety. Fortunately the Sixth Wisconsin regiment of the Iron Brigade had marched out of the woods northward toward the road and with two of Cutler's regiments closed in on Davis' men and captured nearly a regiment of Mississippians. The fight had gone too far to stop.

Reynolds' men made good their promise to fight for the mastery of the woods and ridge west of Gettysburg at all hazards. Over half were killed and wounded. Heth's division got help from Pender's division, and in the crisis of the day Ewell's Confederate corps swept down from the north and planted guns on the heights northwest of the town, which raked the Federal line lengthwise. Reynolds' corps would have been lost and Heth or his



"TAINT NO MILITIA. IT'S THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC"

in Maryland, and Reynolds' corps of infantry hurried forward to Gettysburg. The game was becoming interesting. Heth also sent word over the mountain to his chief, A. P. Hill, that the bluecoats were haunting that route. Heth was a fighter, and Hill turned him eastward again, with orders to go to Gettysburg.

Armies are like children in wanting what the other wants. Lee had no use for Gettysburg, and the result showed that he would have done well to avoid it. But when he saw the enemy heading that way he thought it must be worth striving for. On the other hand, the Federals paid no attention to the town until they knew Lee wanted it.

The Federal cavalry leader, General Buford, was as ready a fighter as Heth and held the ground on Willoughby creek until Reynolds rode up at the head of his advance division. Planting six cannon near the Chambersburg road, with two short lines of troops on the right and left of the guns, he resisted Heth for two hours. That stubborn battery must be overcome by Heth or he could not go to Gettysburg, as ordered.

The next move on the checkerboard made the fierce battle of July 1, 2 and 3 follow almost as a matter of course, for it is an axiom in war to push a fight to a finish once the ball is open. Heth sent forward Archer's brigade of Tennesseans to cross Willoughby creek on the left of the battery and Davis' Mississippians to make a similar move on the right, while the brigades of Pettigrew and Brockenbrough attacked the guns in front. Archer's men fled through the woods to the bank of the creek and divided into small parties the more readily to get across. Some Tennessee sharpshooters climbed the tall trees lining the bank and made targets of the gunners of the battery.

Meanwhile Reynolds appeared on the scene and sent Cutler's brigade, with Hall's battery, to relieve Buford's men on the road and in person led the Iron Brigade into the woods east of the creek, facing Archer's men. Reynolds was shot from the saddle by one of the Tennesseans in the trees, but not until word had passed from his lips to the Iron Brigade to hold the woods at all hazards. The key of the ground

colleagues masters of Gettysburg but for the coming of Howard's Federal corps to the field. The collision of two divisions of the blue and the gray had grown into a struggle between three divisions of each, and this, again, into a combat with two corps on a side. Ewell's Confederates had been marching across the country off the route to Gettysburg when Lee, hearing of the situation there, sent a courier to the commander telling him to go to Gettysburg, but not to bring on a general battle. Howard had been called up by a courier sent back by Reynolds a few minutes before he fell, telling him to form his corps on Cemetery hill as a reserve to the First corps, then fighting along the Chambersburg road.

But when Howard saw Ewell's battalions north of the town, with an open road to Cemetery hill, he pushed his batteries and regiments out on the plains beyond Reynolds' battle field to hold off Ewell. The Federal front now had two facings, west and north, with Cemetery hill, the key to Gettysburg, in the angle.

The instant the fresh guns of Ewell mingled their shots with those of Hill Reynolds' men were doomed to a losing fight. But they had sworn to the fallen leader to hold on at all hazards. The Iron Brigade cleared the woods westward as far as the creek and swung around north to face the road. This movement barred the left of the line to the fire of Brockenbrough's and Pettigrew's men. The Twenty-fourth Michigan on the left of the brigade fought at eighty paces with the Twenty-sixth North Carolina. The Michigan men fought and retired, fought and retired again, forming in all seven lines of battle. Nine color bearers were shot down. The regiment took into battle 496 men and lost 416 killed and wounded. The North Carolinians, who fought on the other side, lost nearly 600 out of 800 in action. The leader of the Twenty-fourth was captured at the end of the fight and when asked by his captors why the regiment did not surrender before it was destroyed replied, "We came here to fight, not to surrender." That was the watchword of the day. Cemetery hill was kept from the grasp of Hill and Ewell. GEORGE L. KILMER.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

A GREAT...

5c. LACE

SALE.

400 pieces of beautiful laces, including

Normandy Vals.

Platt Vals.

and Torchons.

We have cleaned up from a large jobber several tables of laces,

Worth 10, 15, 20 and 25c

per yard. We made them an offer of 50c per dozen for the lot. The price was so ridiculously low that we did not suppose they would consider it, but they did; and we got the lot, now we purpose to let them go

At Less Than One Penny a Yard Profit.

You have the benefit of this purchase, and we have the pleasure of giving our customers the

Best Lace Bargain Ever Offered

IN THIS CITY

Our large window will be filled with them and you can take your choice at 5c. per yard.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

Farms Cheap

For Sale At Low Prices
Given Away By the Government
Low round-trip Homeseekers' Excursion Rates to points in
NORTH DAKOTA, MONTANA,

WASHINGTON AND OREGON.

There are thousands of acres of rich agricultural lands, not yet under cultivation, along the line of THE GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY. Write today for illustrated bulletins giving detailed information. Investigate. Satisfy yourself—and OWN A FARM.
MAX BASS, Gen. Imm. Agt., 220 S. Clark St. Chicago.
F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass & Tkt. Agt., St. Paul Minn.

Low Excursion Rates

SIMPSON, DRY GOODS.

Mohair Garments A Necessity.
Separate Skirts Essential to Complete Summer Wardrobe.

The separate skirts of mohair are among the garments essential to the correct summer wardrobe. White is pronouncedly fashionable. To be correct, it must be walking length. Blue of the marine and navy shades narrow stripes and black, the rich lustrous black are the colors most favored for traveling and general utility purposes.
NOTE—The above is taken from a late issue of the New York publication, "The Dry Goods Economist," an authority on fashions. The new store shows a very large line of these popular skirts at \$5, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$10.

PEEK-A-BOO WAISTS

A name now used in connection with the season's favorite, the openwork Shirt Waist because a Wisconsin clergyman applied the name from the pulpit to what he also termed the "X Ray" garment. We show new ideas in medallion and lace front waists at \$1, \$1.35, \$1.65 and \$1.85.

BLACK LAIN WAISTS
Sizes 32 to 44, solid tucked front, special value at \$1.00; others in black up to \$3.00.

SATISFACTORY SUITS
Before you start on your vacation trip step in and see how reasonable you can buy a tailored suit, and one that you know is of this season's make. \$7.50, \$10 and \$12.50 for some that are great value. A few separate black cloth blouses left; were \$6.50 and \$7.50, now at \$5.00.

Read Our Want Ads.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. \$1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR SALE BY PEOPLE'S DRUG AND KINGS' PHARMACY.

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE

Entered at the postoffice at Janesville, Wis., as second class mail matter.

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Daily Edition—By Carrier.
One Year, cash in advance, \$5.00
Six Months, cash in advance, 3.00
Three Months, cash in advance, 1.50
Daily Edition—By Mail
CASH IN ADVANCE.
One Year, \$5.00
Six Months, 3.00
Three Months, 1.50
WEEKLY EDITION—One Year, 1.50

Long Distance Telephone No. 77.
Business Office, 77-2
Editorial Rooms, 77-3

WISCONSIN WEATHER FORECAST



Generally fair tonight and continued warmer tonight and Thursday.

FORTY YEARS AGO

Forty years ago today the first of that greatest of all battles in modern warfare was waged in the little village of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. Many a gray haired man, who today wears the Grand Army button remembers the fight amid the orchards of the little hamlet, and the scorching rain of bullets that followed them along the Seminary Ridge, as they retreated after the first day's fight. This battle has been called the greatest in the history of the world and both the boys in blue and their brothers in gray can never forget the awful death and devastation that the meeting of these two great armies brought about on this bloody battlefield. Surrounded by the pick of his southern warriors, General Robert Lee had invaded Pennsylvania. He was met by the flower of the union troops, commanded by General Meade. Able generals marshaled the boys in blue, and they fought as they had never fought before. What schoolboy of today does not remember the story of the old man Burns who, armed with a gun, and dressed in a swallow tailed coat, with gray hair flying in the wind, fired shot after shot into the rebel ranks. What student of history cannot recall the heroic death of General Reynolds at the head of his troops, or what veteran of Wisconsin regiments does not remember that General Fairchild lost his arm in this fight. Even the forty years that have elapsed have not dimmed the story of the awful struggle, and tonight, as we sit in peace let us think of the boys in blue who forty years ago slept on the wet hills of Gettysburg, or lay between the lines in their last sleep. Men who risked their lives and gave them up that we might be one people now and forever.

OLD FASHIONED HONESTY

The new finance, so-called has much to answer for. It is responsible for a distinct lowering of the moral code of the nation, and its effects are bound to react on American life in years to come. The marvelous period of prosperity with which we are so familiar has made the excuse for operations which in times past would have been denounced in plain English as differing only technically from larceny. The country, in short, has been going through an attack of money madness. It must suffer the consequences. The trust movement, while at the bottom, sound and logical in its aims, has been made the excuse for the most reckless exploitation of unsound propositions ever known in financial history. The promoters of some of these schemes, from all appearances, have come to the end of their resources. "Once bitten, twice shy," an aphorism often quoted, explains the collapse of many of the financial air bubbles seductively dangled before the American investor since the business revival of 1897-1898. Amalgamated Copper, subscribed many times over at par and above, is no longer regarded as tempting even at half the price of the highest quotation. United States steel, despite the adroit manipulation of the keenest financial intellects of the century falls persistently in stock exchange quotations, and other trust stocks show a similar lull. Why? Simply because the conservative people of the country are afraid of them. They do not know absolutely that the properties are good, bad or indifferent, but they distrust the methods of the promoters, and they have had ample demonstration of the fact that most of the thought given to the various plants has been from the Wall Street point of view, rather than with an idea single to the best interest of production. What have the majority of the captains of in-

nance to do with the practical side of business? If they do display an interest in such matters, it is with an eye single to stock influence. In the absence of real facts regarding profits the most unblinking rumors are set afloat and kept to the front as long as decency will allow—which is generally as long as anybody can be found to believe the stories. The high sense of honor that once prevailed in financial affairs, of a larger sort, at least, seems to have been relegated to the back-ground. The cliques that prey on each other and on the public are exalted. One week it is the "Western crowd," that is influencing the destinies of the Nation, and the next week witnesses the exposure of a scheme by which a stable industry, like shipbuilding is brought into disrepute by open-handed methods of stock jobbery that smack of the long lost practices of piracy. A great bank merger is announced, and the stock of the institution to be benefited soars to altitudinous figures. Shortly thereafter the president of the bank calls his clerks together and assures them that they need have no fear of losing their places—that the merger is definitely off. The stock of the bank falls sixty points, but almost immediately official circulars are issued to shareholders, announcing that the details of consolidation are completed, and the bank will take over the business of the competitor. The stock promptly advances 60 points again, to the chagrin of the former holders who sold. Somebody profited. The question arises: how long is this deviation from old fashioned business methods to continue?

The whole financial atmosphere seems to reek with suspicious practices. The result is that politics, municipal, state and national show evident debauchery. It is not enough to accuse legislators of lapses in morals. The cause is found higher up, and there the remedy must be applied. Indifference to and contempt for law are becoming too common. In the last analysis, the necessary is equally culpable with the principal. The illegal seizure of franchises, for instance is not palliated by subsequent honest service, and the taint of stolen goods clings to a stock, even in the hands of innocent purchasers. "Sow the wind and reap the whirlwind," is as true today as when first uttered.

SHAW IS SATISFIED

Washington—Secretary Shaw is well satisfied with the treasury situation and expresses the opinion that there need be no material change in the present policy. The surplus for the current fiscal year is now \$18,000,000 and will probably reach \$53,000,000 by July 1. This surplus will have to remain in the treasury until the Panama canal matter is settled as Secretary Shaw has depended all along upon this year's surplus to pay the Panama canal indebtedness. If the treaty is ratified this summer, as it is expected to be, Secretary Shaw will at once pay out \$50,000,000 on the Panama canal purchase and much of this money will, it is asserted, remain right here in the United States, or soon find its way back. So far as the refunding plan goes, Secretary Shaw regards it as a decided success. The exchange of 4 per cent and 3 per cent into 2 per cent bonds has now approximately reached \$75,000,000 and Secretary Shaw thinks it will soon reach \$90,000,000 or more. Even if it stops where it is, it has accomplished his purpose to increase bank circulation and make money conditions easier.

WOULD BE FOOLHARDY

At present, the country being extremely prosperous, it seems to us, that playing with the tariff would be foolhardy to a criminal degree. Such evils as exist are very inconspicuous—especially compared with what would follow agitation. Shall a man afflicted with a corn have his leg amputated? The one charge brought against our present tariff is that some few are over-prosperous, shall we declare, therefore, that all should be plunged into poverty? It would be foolish to overlook the fact that nearly all lines of trade are highly prosperous because in a few cases the success is inordinate and begets envy.

Postmaster General Payne will not resign. He will stick to his post, and finish the work he has begun. Wisconsin should be proud of his courage and ability and certain organs should take notice that it is poor taste to criticize too much just at present.

In New York a court has handed down an opinion that a man eating in a quick lunch restaurant cannot be required to take off his hat. The public will now wait with eager interest for the learned judge's opinion as to what can be done to the man who eats pie with his knife.

Now come the unions and demand that the soldiers of Uncle Sam be unionized. One would think that they were unionized sufficiently to suit the most fastidious minds. The next thing will be to unionize convicts.

Now that the president has made use of his official position to advertise the superlative merits of Porto Rico coffee, vigorous diplomatic representations are in order from the countries producing Rio, Mocha, Java, and other rival brands.

PRESS COMMENT

Appleton Post: "Bob" Burdette declares that club women make the best wives. "Bob" ought to know. He has tried both kinds.

Milwaukee Sentinel: As a concession to the rules of national courtesy it might be well to ask the Russian government what it thinks of the Alabama peonage.

La Crosse Leader and Press: Why don't some one of the originalists start a new fall, for instance, make it popular with the La Follette men and Stalwarts to say nice things about each other.

Milwaukee News: Governor La Follette certainly is getting reckless the way he jumps onto the trusts. Isn't he getting light enough out of the corporations at home? Or is he sighing for other octopuses to curb?

Milwaukee Journal: The Chippewa Herald is another Stalwart Republican paper which wants to "talk it over." That's right, you fellows talk while Governor Bob keeps on acting. Then you can wonder again why you haven't got a white chip, when the game is hardly started.

Whitewater Register: Governor Hoard suggests as a national ticket next year, "Roosevelt and La Follette." The president is a good deal of a politician himself and proposes to have something to say about who his running mate shall be; and it is safe to predict that it will be long years before he adopts the suggestion of our neighbor.

Winneconne Local: By the way, does it look reasonable that all the reasons in the employ of the government are corralled in the postoffice department? It seems to be agreed among the best doctors that if a part of the body is so virulently diseased the whole system is affected and must be given a course of tonics and physio.

MAKING READY FOR THE FOURTH

Small Boys and Doctors Will Be Busy All That Glorious Day.

While there will be no regular program in the city for the "Glorious Fourth" this year there will be numerous private gatherings and displays of fireworks. Before that time the small boy will be busy at the stores, buying cannon crackers, toy pistols and various mysterious appearing fireworks. He will be much in evidence all that day, at picnics, and in every backyard. He will be the one to furnish all the features the occasion should have to make it memorable.

Preparations for Wounded

The doctors always expect a busy day on the fourth, and are ready for many calls. These are not usually serious accidents, but mostly painful ones and they begin before office hours and often continue until after midnight. Drug stores too will be on the lookout to administer to the wants of careless or unfortunate celebrators. Fires on the fourth are apt to be frequent but do not often cause much damage. Janesville is likely to have a very quiet day this year, as there will be nothing to attract the crowds to the city, while numerous celebrations will be held in surrounding towns. There is also the big circus and the horse races at Beloit to attract the people to that city.

GONE TO THEIR REWARD

Anderson—The infant son of Peter Anderson, 120 Lincoln street, died last evening. The child was three years old. There was a short service at the family residence this afternoon, the Rev. H. C. Denison officiating. Interment was at Oak Hill cemetery.

Edward Godden

The remains of Edward Godden arrived this morning from Emmetsburg, Iowa. The funeral will be from the home of his mother, 107 Terrace street, tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock. The Reverend J. A. M. Richey will officiate and interment will be in Oak Hill.

TODAY'S CHICAGO MARKET

From the Hadden, Rodee Co., 204 Jackson Block, Janesville.

C. L. Cutler Resident Manager.

Wheat	Open	High	Low	Close
July	76 1/2	77 1/2	76 3/4	76 3/4
Sept.	76 1/2	77 1/2	76 3/4	76 3/4
Oct.	76 1/2	77 1/2	76 3/4	76 3/4
Nov.	76 1/2	77 1/2	76 3/4	76 3/4
Dec.	76 1/2	77 1/2	76 3/4	76 3/4
Jan.	76 1/2	77 1/2	76 3/4	76 3/4
Feb.	76 1/2	77 1/2	76 3/4	76 3/4
Mar.	76 1/2	77 1/2	76 3/4	76 3/4
Apr.	76 1/2	77 1/2	76 3/4	76 3/4
May	76 1/2	77 1/2	76 3/4	76 3/4
June	76 1/2	77 1/2	76 3/4	76 3/4

CHICAGO CASH LOT RECEIPTS

To-day. Contract. Est. Tomorrow

Wheat 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2

Corn 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2

Oats 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2

Barley 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2

Flour 12 1/2 12 1/2 12 1/2 12 1/2

Meal 11 1/2 11 1/2 11 1/2 11 1/2

Starch 10 1/2 10 1/2 10 1/2 10 1/2

Sugar 9 1/2 9 1/2 9 1/2 9 1/2

Coffee 8 1/2 8 1/2 8 1/2 8 1/2

Tea 7 1/2 7 1/2 7 1/2 7 1/2

Spices 6 1/2 6 1/2 6 1/2 6 1/2

Butter 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2

Eggs 4 1/2 4 1/2 4 1/2 4 1/2

Milk 3 1/2 3 1/2 3 1/2 3 1/2

Cheese 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2

Meat 1 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/2

Poultry 1 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/2

Fruit 1 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/2

Vegetables 1 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/2

Ancient History

In the year 1696 one Class Tilly, a citizen of Harlem, in Holland, discovered a combination of oils and gums, which on trial proved a wonderful remedy for kidney trouble, also very healing for wounds and gravel. That was over three hundred years ago. This remedy is still made by the descendants of Class Tilly and sold by us for 10c the bottle. To get the genuine buy it of us. We have received a shipment direct from Holland. Badger Drug Co., Milwaukee and River streets.

WANT ADS.

Letters at this office await: "G." "H." "G. G." "W. R." "C." "X." "Q. F."

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Good wages paid. Apply at 135 South Jackson street.

WANTED—All kinds of dress making. Inquire at 303 W. Bluff street.

WANTED—Stone masonry and building laborers at the new hotel building in Beloit, Wis.

WANTED—Bricklayers and building laborers at the new hotel building in Beloit, Wis.

WANTED, AT ONCE—Two dining room girls; experienced. Good wages. Address Jarvis Inn, Rockford, Ill.

WANTED to purchase—First class incubator. Inquire at Duty Mill.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework in small family. Mrs. Francis C. Grant, 31 Corvallis street.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No washing. Inquire of Mrs. Con. McDonald, 157 East Milwaukee street.

WANTED—A woman to cook at Smith's hotel. Good wages.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Mrs. C. M. Rexford, 275 Wash. street.

WANTED—Work on farm through harvest. E. L. Hagan, care Valentine's School of Telegraphy, Janesville.

WANTED—Twelve boys and girls, 17 years of age or over, steady employment \$1.50 to \$2.50 per day. Inquire of E. V. Morgan, in Cornett Hotel, from two o'clock to eight.

WANTED TO BUY—House and lot, within reasonable distance from P. O. House must be in good order. Prefer South Jackson or Franklin streets. What have you? Address L. C. Lutz, care Gazette office.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. Wm. H. Wheeler, 105 East street, south.

WANTED—Work of any kind in city or country; gardening, laying, etc. Address Wm. H. Jude, 73 Pearl street.

WANTED—Man with small capital to take financial management of business. Great opportunity for the right party. Call at Park Hotel, Room 40.

FOR SALE

FOR RENT—Five room flat, furnished for housekeeping. Modern conveniences and gas stove. 215 S. Main street.

STRAYED—A large black cow, with calf two days old. Reward for any information. Geo. Woodruff, Adm'r.

FOR SALE—Lease the city next Wednesday. Must sell my nearly new typewriter and calculator. Make me an offer. Address "Typewriter," Gazette.

FOR SALE—Open buggy and driving harness in good condition. A bargain. 153 West Milwaukee street.

FOR SALE—Improved farm in Vernon and Crawford counties, from \$15 to \$45 per acre. W. J. Little, 30 Washington street.

FOR SALE—Standing 10 acres of heavy timber, also 10 tons of old hay. Inquire of C. E. Jenkins, 18 South Main street.

FOR SALE—A good wall tent, 14x24, 10 ft. double full deck, \$15, cost about \$35. 153 W. Milwaukee street.

FOR SALE—An eight room modern cottage, with hard and soft water, furnished and ready to occupy, located at Glenwood Springs, Geneva Lake. Will be sold at a bargain. Address "E" Gazette.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Six room house. Enquire at E. 255 South Main street.

FOR RENT—Two large front rooms and bath, furnished for light housekeeping; suitable for three adults; 10 minutes walk from bridge. 141 Locust street.

FOR RENT, August 1st—A store at No. 13 W. Milwaukee street. Inquire of Stanley Tallman, 309 Jackson Block.

FOR RENT—House to small family; centrally located; hard and soft water and gas. Inquire at 323 Court street.

FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping or lodging, at 223 South Main street.

FOR RENT—Cottages. Furnished cottages for rent on Lake Kegonsa. Address, G. I. Tripp, Brooklyn, Wis.

MISCELLANEOUS

CLAIRVOYANT—Trance medium; readings on all affairs; daily from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Call at 461 South Jackson street.

ROCK COUNTY MAPS \$1 each, at the Gazette office.



Home Made Candies...

Just the kind that possess nothing but the purest of material. We have had years of experience in the making of candies.

Fire Works

of all kinds for the Fourth.

Tidyman & Hayes

ON THE BRIDGE

Crushed Fruit Ice Cream Soda, 5c...

Sold all parts of the city at 10 cents. Why pay 10 cents when we sell the best at 5 cents.

Janesville Candy Kitchen.

157 West Milwaukee St.

FIRE CRACKERS!

Direct from China

Collars 2c, Cuffs 4c

Chinese Laundry

LEE SING & CO.,

118 W. Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.



A Fourth of July Display

is utterly incomplete without the use of electric lights—colored lamps globes, &c. If you contemplate giving a garden or house party 4th of July night, or simply want to celebrate, let us take charge of your electrical arrangement; but please order early. Don't forget that electric light in the house light par excellence.

Janesville Contracting Co.

2 W. Milwaukee St. On the Bridge

Don't Throw Your Old Shoes Away.

But take them to the

Rockford, Janesville & Beloit Repairing Co.

and have them fixed. We use only the best leather and do the finest work. Entire Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Give us a trial and you will always be a customer.

67 W. Milwaukee St., in Basement

Next to Dedrick Bros.' Store.

THE RACKET

4TH OF JULY

FIRE WORKS!

now ready. All new goods of the best quality and lower prices than ever. Buy early while the supply is complete.

1,000 Perfect Trunk Parlor Mate

For 5 cents.

RIDER'S, 163 WEST MILWAUKEE STREET

Prompt Service.

Just use your 'phone and we will do the rest.

Use Either Phone.

Harper & Hatch,

Market 291 N. Main Street

New Phone 15 Old Phone 418

CALL UP

Clapps PARCEL DELIVERY 10c

AT VOISSE'S PHARMACY

Baggage and Package transferring a specialty.

Packages 10 cents any part of the city. ASK FOR CARD.

Grain Bonds Stock

The Hadden-Rodee Co

"Members of the Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce."

G. L. CUTLER, Manager

204 Jackson Block.

Phone No. 473. New Phone No. 772

W. F. HAYES, Eye Specialist.

Janesville office with F. C. Cook & Co.

Saturdays, 8 a. m. to 2 p. m.; Sundays, 10:30 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Assisted in his Janesville office by S. R. Knox, optician;

all work done by Mr. Knox is guaranteed by Mr. Hayes.

Chicago office, 103 State St., Room 105 Columbus Memorial Building

Archeloid & Co. DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, MILLINERY

REMARKABLE WAIST VALUES.

Fifty dozen new Waists, bought especially for this sale, white and plain linen colors; some of these waists are \$2.00 values, but the special sale price is—

89 Cents.

Skirts...



We show the prettiest shirred Skirt of the season—made of very soft, light weight French flannel Voile, dainty yoke effect, sixteen rows of shirring. Fluffy, full sweep at bottom; in black, grey, cream, tan and navy.

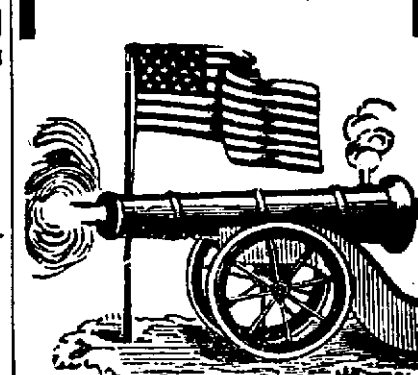
Also the "Sunburst Skirt"—a pedestrian skirt made of brilliantine, black and navy, at—

\$5, \$7 & \$9

Cut prices on all lines of Millinery.

Archeloid & Co. DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, MILLINERY

The Glorious Fourth..



No larger stock of Fire Works in the city than the one we carry this year.

Fire Crackers

For old and young.

NEW DRY KILN FOR RED BRICK

SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND BRICKS
BAKED AT ONCE.

A VERY INTERESTING SYSTEM

Just How the Manufacturer Makes
the Article Ready for
Market.

A new steam drying kiln of the latest pattern is one of the recent additions to the plant of the Janesville Red Brick company. This is a large structure, 140 feet in length with ten dry kilns having a total capacity of 75,000 bricks at one time. The plant has a capacity of 25,000 bricks per day. The clay is first run through a machine called the "Bug-mill" which pulverizes the particles. It is then mixed with a certain proportion of water, depending upon its condition, and emptied into the press. Six bricks are pressed into the molds at a time.

Pressed Bricks
Although these bricks are really pressed, yet they are not properly called "pressed bricks." Those that go by that name are made from clay that is pressed dry—without the addition of water. In this method the clay is dried beforehand, so that nearly all the moisture is removed. "Pressed bricks" are more expensive than the other kind and are mostly used for the fronts of buildings, as their surface is so smooth that it appears polished. Ordinary bricks come from the press they are placed on shelves, where the air can circulate between them. The old method was to have the shelves or racks placed outdoors, sheltered from the rain, but so arranged that the sun can reach them. This method takes from ten to twelve days, but the time depends upon the weather and season of the year. In the latter way the bricks are placed in a closed building and dried by steam. This only takes between three and four days. After the drying process the bricks are placed in the burning kilns.

Burning Kilns
The Janesville company has two of these with a capacity of 350,000 bricks, and two that can hold 110,000. Bricks during the burning process shrink nearly a third of their original size. This fact is used to tell when they have been in the kiln long enough. The time when the fires should go out is also told by the color of the clay. The fires in the kiln are kept up from 10 to 20 days. When the "green" bricks are placed in the kiln and the openings bricked and plastered up, a small hole is left, through which the condition of the contents can be seen. The temperature in the kilns is between 250 and 400 degrees.

LAST OF MONTH OF MARRIAGES

June Closes with the Wedding of Miss
Imogene McDonald to Ralph H.
Grove, of Chicago.

The last of the June weddings celebrated this year was that of Miss Imogene McDonald to Ralph H. Grove, which occurred at the Mineral Point avenue home of the bride yesterday afternoon.

A profusion of flowers, plants and greenery adorned the rooms of the home. A few close friends were in attendance. Rev. Richard M. Vaughan performed the ceremony, the bride being attended by her three sisters, the Misses Florence, Lulu, and Bess McDonald, and Miss Gertrude Granger. After the wedding supper the newly-married couple departed for their new home in Chicago.

Mrs. Grove was formerly teacher in the Lincoln school, and the groom was at one time employed at Hall, Sayles, & Field's store, although of late he has been located in Chicago.

Chile-Duller
Fred Duller of this city and Miss Martha Chile of Stoughton took the Illinois license law route to matrimony yesterday, the ceremony being performed at Rockford by Justice Norton.

Huckle-Hardy
E. A. Hardy, of the piano company in this city, was wedded to Miss Maude Huckle of Chicago. In making applications for a license Mr. Hardy also gave his address as Chicago.

To the Public
I take pleasure in recommending to the public Dr. F. C. Lindstrom, my successor. He is thoroughly competent and a skillful operator.
C. W. BLISS, D. O.

AUNT LAURA ENTERED

Will Race at Beloit On The Afternoon of July 4th.

Aunt Laura, the fast horse owned by Attorney John L. Fisher, of this city will compete in the races at Beloit on next Saturday afternoon. A large number of local horse lovers will visit the Line City Saturday and will undoubtedly think well of the Janesville horse's chances in the race. There are four events on the program and a good field of horses will face the starter. D. H. Pollock is secretary of the Beloit Driving association and all entries will close at noon on July 4.

Notice of Examination
An examination of applicants for positions in the police and fire departments of the city of Janesville will be held at the offices of the police and fire commission, in the city hall, July 7th, A. D., 1903, beginning at 7:00 o'clock p. m. Application blanks may be obtained from the chief of the fire department or the city marshal.
T. S. NOLAN,
President.
P. J. MOUAT,
Secretary.

TELEPHONE AIDS PRETTY ROMANCE

Miss Ellen Fullerton and James
Kelley Were Married in Chi-
cago Saturday.

With Father Goebel at the Janesville end of the long distance telephone and Father Hennessey of St. Jarlath's church, Chicago at the Chicago end of the wire, permission was granted last Saturday allowing Miss Ellen Fullerton and James Kelley, both of St. Mary's parish, Janesville to be married in the Chicago church by Father Hennessey.

Planned a Surprise
The couple had planned a surprise upon their Janesville friends, and had slipped away to Chicago on Saturday morning to have the ceremony performed quietly. At almost the last moment the groom discovered that the permission of Father Goebel was necessary, as both he and the bride were members of his parish and so the long distance telephone was called into use.

Permission Given
The permission was readily given by Father Goebel and Father Hennessey read the service that joined the two in holy wedlock. Miss Mary A. O'Neill, a cousin of the bride and Mr. Stinton, both of Chicago were the only attendants at the church service.

Will Live Here
Miss Fullerton formerly resided in Toronto, Canada, but has lived in Janesville with relatives for some time past. The groom is a stone cutter, employed in this city. Mr. and Mrs. Kelley will make their home in Janesville.

LODGE MEETINGS TONIGHT

Wisconsin Lodge, No. 14, I. O. O. F., at East Side Odd Fellows hall.
Olive Lodge, No. 27, Degree of Honor at West Side Odd Fellows hall.

Federal labor union at Assembly hall.

Typographical union at Assembly hall.

BRIEF BITS OF LOCAL NEWS

Large size ox tongue, 65c. Nash.
Slaughter sale at Fleury's.
Armour's Extract of Beef, Nash.
Headquarters for fireworks. Savings Store, next to Skelly & Wilbur's.
Talk to Lowell.
Strawberries, 5c box. Nash.
Going camping, buy your goods at Nash's.

Slaughter sale at Fleury's.
Corner Stone, the best patent flour on earth, \$1.10 sk. W. W. Nash.
Fire Works, Fire Works, Five and 10 cent Store.

Going camping get 4 lbs. of the best 25c coffee on earth. Nash.
The best hot weather drink is Hurr Lithia water, 10c gallon delivered. Orders at King's Pharmacy.

The smile that never comes off is caused by Nash's 25c coffee.
A baby daughter was born last evening to Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Galion. The little one is their first born.

Come again.
Corner Stone flour, \$1.10.
The best 25c tea on earth.
The best 25c coffee on earth. Nash.

Any lady who has any idea of getting a suit, skirt or outer wrap will do well to call at J. M. Bostwick & Sons.

Black and red raspberries and white currents. W. W. Nash.
Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Kearney leave for a visit in the east on Thursday.

Dr. J. Perschbacher, the well known Janesville veterinary surgeon is once more able to attend business after being ill with a fractured limb five months.

Miss Grace Wright of this city, left for Boston this morning to attend the N. E. A. convention.

Our prices on all outer wraps for ladies, misses, girls and children are in many instances less than half the regular prices. Surely now is the time to save money. J. M. Bostwick & Sons.

Salt, 50c per barrel.
Salt mackerel, 12 1/2c lb.
Haddock smoked, 10c per lb.
Salt salmon, 10c per lb.
Whole codfish, 10c per lb.
Dried herring, 15c per box.

W. T. Vankirk.
Purp spices. Nash.
Fireworks, best and cheapest in the city. Savings Store, next to Skelly & Wilbur's.

We had a call this morning from Mr. R. A. Nicholson, who represents the Dakota-Manitoba Land company and the Heart River Land company, with headquarters at 146 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. These companies own large tracts of good land in North Dakota which they are offering on very liberal terms and at a low price, either in township lots or to actual settlers. They have lands for sale at from \$3.50 up and a man can buy a quarter and get a homestead adjoining.

Dr. C. W. Bliss has sold his office and practice to Frederick C. Lindstrom, D. O., of Illinois.

Dr. Lindstrom is a graduate of the Still College of Osteopathy, Des Moines, Ia., and comes highly recommended as a practitioner. Dr. Bliss will spend a little time in the east and on the first of September will enter the Osteopathic college at Kirksville, Mo., taking up a post course. Dr. Lindstrom may be found at his office in the Hayes block.

Voting Machine Exhibited: The voting machine is again on exhibition in the city hall, to enable voters to familiarize themselves with its operations.

To Be Wedded: A license to marry was granted today to Calvin C. Adams of Black Hawk, Ia., and Mabel Shurtz of Jackson, Mich.

Telephone Case Lengthy: The foreclosure suit against the Badger State Long Distance Telephone company is still on trial today before Judge Dunwiddie.

Before Justice Earle: The case of the Standard Manufacturing company versus E. A. Holmes has been adjourned for two weeks.

MEDAL LIES IN REACH OF FOUR

SECOND ROUND FOR RICHARD-
SON PRIZE PLAYED.

SEVERAL CLOSE CONTESTS

The First Mixed Foursome Handicap
Played—E. A. Hyde and Mrs.
McGiffin Take Prizes.

Honors in the Richardson medal play at the St. Stanislaus links are now divided between four players, who will contest in the semi-finals next Tuesday. Yesterday afternoon Leo Brownell, O. Sutherland, C. C. MacLean, and Charles Dunn defeated their respective opponents in four stiff matches, and among them is the 1903 holder of the medal. Three of them have handicaps of six, with Leo Brownell at four, so that the handicap element, which has figured strongly in some earlier matches, will be practically eliminated.

Charles Dunn's victory was won in the closest fought set of the day. He won from George Baumann one up, but it took twenty holes to do the trick.

How They Played
Following are the results:
Leo Brownell (4) beat J. P. Baker (6) 6 up 5 to play.

O. Sutherland (6) beat F. J. Baker (4) 3 up 2 to play.
C. C. MacLean (6) beat H. S. McGiffin (6) 1 up.

Chas. Dunn (6) beat George Baumann (7) 1 up in twenty holes.
In the mixed foursome over nine holes E. A. Hyde and Mrs. H. S. McGiffin ran away with the first prizes, Chester Morse and Wilma McGiffin, carrying off second award, and Chester Brewer and Mrs. F. Home trailing them for third place.

The Foursome Entries
The other entries in the event, which was under handicaps, were Albert Schaller and Elizabeth Schlicker, F. B. Field and Catherine Field, H. R. King and Belle MacLean, Mrs. C. C. MacLean and Mrs. H. M. Purker, H. S. McGiffin and Mrs. H. R. King.

Following supper at the clubhouse harmonious spirits were restored to the contestants by a jolly dance, for which musical inspiration was furnished by Roy Carter.

RESULTS OF BASEBALL GAMES

American League.
Chicago, 10; Boston, 3.
New York, 2; St. Louis, 1.
Cleveland, 4; Philadelphia, 3.
Detroit, 8; Washington, 0.

National League.
Chicago, 7; Philadelphia, 2.
Boston, 7; Cincinnati, 3.
Pittsburgh, 17; Brooklyn, 8.
St. Louis, 4; New York, 2.

American Association.
Minneapolis, 8; St. Paul, 3.
Columbus, 8; Indianapolis, 3.
Louisville, 5; Toledo, 1.

Western League.
Milwaukee, 3; Peoria, 2.
Kansas City, 15; St. Joseph, 2.
Colorado Springs, 7; Denver, 1.
Des Moines, 4; Omaha, 1.

Three-Eye League.
Springfield, 4; Rock Island, 1.
Decatur, 9; Bloomington, 3.
Rockford, 6; Davenport, 5 (ten innings).

Central League.
Wheeling, 5; Dayton, 2.
Fort Wayne, 11; Evansville, 2.
Marion, 3; Grand Rapids, 3 (forfeit).
South Bend, 4; Terre Haute, 1.

Stockholders' Meeting
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the New Gas Light company of Janesville, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before it, will be held at the company's office in Janesville, Wisconsin, on Monday, July 6, 1903, at 3 o'clock, p. m.
LOUISE MERRILL, Secretary.

Grocery Stores Close
All grocery stores will close Saturday noon of this week for the balance of the day and evening.

Mr. Wm. P. Christy left yesterday morning for a few days' visit at Oshkosh. He will preach in the Lutheran church of that city on Sunday and one of the pastors of the Chicago Seminary will occupy the pulpit of St. Peter's Evg. Luth. church of this city, Sunday, July 5th.

Home made potato bread, at Grubb's. Costs you the same, 5 cts per loaf or 6 for 25 cts.

Home made almond macaroons at Grubb's, 45 cts. lb.

Home made lady fingers at Grubb's 15c doz.

Home made crisp and thin sugar cookies at Grubb's 10c doz.

Home made wine cookies at Grubb's, 10c doz.

Home made chocolate cup cakes (devil food mixture) at Grubb's 12c doz.

Home made sour cream cup cakes at Grubb's, 10c doz.

Home made bannery tarts at Grubb's, 25c doz.

Home baked ham at Grubb's, 35c lb.

Home baked potato chips at Grubb's, 15c qt.

INITIAL CONCERT IN THE OPEN AIR

Imperial Band Holds Forth from the
Court House Park Stand—
Music Drew Crowd.

The first summer crowd of respectable proportions that has assembled this year came out last evening to hear the initial concert of the Imperial band.

The use of the stand at the east end of the park, which has of late fallen into a condition of disuse, and which it has been thought might profitably be razed to the ground, appeared to be a happy innovation. The Wisconsin street driveway furnished a convenient stand for turnouts of all varieties while the walks and lawn of the upper end of the park were swarmed with auditors.

Good judgment had been used in the selection of an attractive list of selections, and the recruiting of several of the best musicians for the concert brought the music to a pleasing standard.

NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE

J. J. Cunningham, of this city, is registered at the Davidson hotel, Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Heinrichs left this morning on a two weeks' trip to Rockford, Chicago and other points.

Misses Lizzie and Maggie Patterson leave tomorrow for the east. They will visit Boston and later come back by way of the Thousand Islands.

Miss Grace Wright left for Boston this morning where she will attend the convention of the National Educators association.

Mrs. J. V. Norcross and daughter of Chicago are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Ruger.

Mrs. Mason and son of Chicago are guests of Mrs. Mason's father, Capt. Pliny Norcross.

Tom McMahon, Dr. R. E. James, and Mrs. Louise Warren of Rockford are at the Grand.

E. Johnson of Madison was in the city yesterday.

Big Line California Fruits—

Due Tuesday morning.
GHERRIES,
PEACHES,
APRICOTS,
ORANGES.

Home Baking.

The very finest.
Let us supply you through
the hot weather.

Apples

For pies, per peck,
30c

Salmon

Bargain lot,
2 cans 15c

Vanilla @ Lemon Wafers

2 lbs. 25c

Dedrick Bros.

PHONE 9.

CITY Coal and Wood Yard

Herman Lehtfus
Marion and W. Milwaukee St.
New Phone, No. 30.

If You Are Wise

You will phone us your coal order today. The coal market promises soon to be higher.

J. F. Spoon & Co.
New Phone 211. N. River St.

CAR VICTIM DIED TODAY

B. A. HORN PASSED AWAY, AS RESULT OF WOUNDS.

INJURIES RESULTED FATALLY

He Was Conscious and Comparatively
Rational Up to a Few Hours
of Death.

Bennett Anderson Horn, the victim of an insane impulse which prompted him to fling himself in the path of an interurban car near the Chouteau-Hollister factory last Friday evening, died this morning from the wounds he received.

Up to about four o'clock this morning Horn was conscious, although in the same low condition in which he has been for the past three days. At that time he became unconscious and at about six o'clock he passed away. During the last twenty-four hours of his life he appeared rational, and talked without any signs of the demented condition which he exhibited at the time of the accident.

Buried by County
At Oak Hill cemetery this afternoon the remains of the dead man were interred without any ceremony, at county expense.

According to the statement which Horn made at the Palmer Memorial hospital, where he has been since the R. B. & J. car passed over his body Friday evening, he has a brother living in northern Michigan, but it was impossible to summon him, and so the customary directions were given for the burial of the body by Poormaster Kenyon.

Lived in Norway
If the statements made by Horn, who was undoubtedly deranged in mind during a part of the time, may be taken as reliable his home was in Norway, and while in this country he wandered from place to place, for a part of the time being employed on a farm in the town of Porter.

No blame has been attached to the motorman or conductor of the interurban company, as the man hid behind a pole until the car was upon him, when he suddenly leaped out.

Change of Firm...

Heller & Burgess are now fully prepared to do general blacksmith and wagon work of all kinds. Same location as occupied by late firm of Heller & Newton.

HELLER & BURGESS,

Near Corner Court & Park Sts.

Investigate.

Farmers driving into Janesville on the Center and Evansville roads don't know what kind of service they are passing up when they drive by my store on Washington St. Better stop and investigate.

I'll be glad to get you butter and eggs. My groceries are clean and fresh, you'll be pleased with them. Here are some hard to beat prices:
Salt per barrel - 90c
Swift's Pride Soap a box, 100 bars 53.
Prairie Lily Flour, per sack \$1.05
10, 20 and 30 Gallon jars, just right for making pickles, \$1.52 and 53
Choice fresh meats—salt fish, ham and etc.
Special Coffee offer this week.

J. F. CARLE, First Ward
Old Phone 247 Grocer
New Phone 200

HACK CALLS 25c

To any part of the city we respond to hack calls at 25c per person. Baggage of all kinds transported at lowest prices. Call up livery. Both phones

J. CRALL & SON

Cut Flowers.

Finest of stock now on hand: Lowest possible prices. Special design work. Both phones.

Downs Floral Co.

Milton and Prospect Aves.

The mill price on car-load lots of
Ethan Allen
Flour, \$1.10 per sack

We have an old pur chase and will sell you all you want at

\$1.05.

The best flour without exception I ever handled. Get in on the ground floor and fill up for the next three months.

THE FAIR

South River Street

Gifts For June Brides...

If you are in doubt what to give, if you want something that won't be duplicated, if you are hunting a gift that will be as creditable to your good taste as to your good nature, if you desire a gift that will be as new as the bride herself, and as much admired, visit our store and see the articles that make the most acceptable wedding gifts.

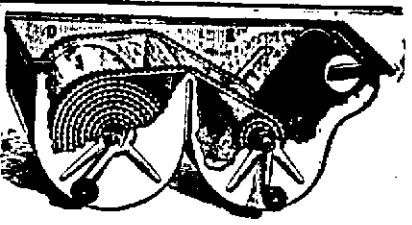
HALL, SAYLES & FIELD.
Reliable Jewelers.



The Mammoth Cave
Of Kentucky doesn't play such an important part in the maintenance or comforts of a man's life as this black cave of "the bottled up sunlight of past ages"

Well screened COAL and careful delivery are our pride

Janesville Coal Co.,
Phone 89. Office, Riverside Laundry.
Yards, South River & Oak Sts.



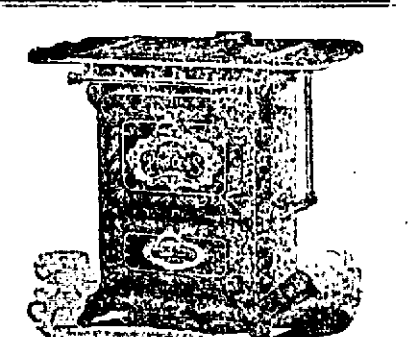
All Kodak Work Can Now Be Done By Daylight With The New Kodak Develop Machines.

They will develop 2 from a roll of 6 or 12 exposure film in 10 minutes, whereas in a dark room it would at least take an hour. They do the work better than can be done in the dark room.

Price, \$2, \$5, and \$7.50.

Try Walnut Sundae at our fountain.

SMITH'S PHARMACY
Kodaks and Kodak Supplies
(Two Registered Pharmacists)



\$12

ALL READY FOR USE.

NEW GAS LIGHT CO.,

Years of Experience...

We have had it here in Janesville. Our work speaks for itself. We wish to figure on your work if you have an idea of building a home or remodeling the one you now reside in.

McVICAR BROS.
South Main St. Phone Us.

Extra Fine Steak...

We have it and at a price that will please. Groceries we also sell.

M. PAULSON,
113 Milton Ave., Janesville.

New Phone 205.

Ice Tea Weather...

Our special Oolong and English Breakfast black Teas are superior for ice tea. We have them at 50 cents and 80 cents per pound.

Janesville Spice Co.,
Both Phones—On the Bridge

A BIG SURPLUS IN THE TREASURY

Vaults are full of gold

United States Has More of the Yellow Metal on Hand Than Any Other Nation—Whisky Pays Over \$9,000,000 More in Revenue.

Washington, July 1.—There was a surplus of \$32,710,590 in the treasury at the end of the fiscal year which closed June 30, notwithstanding the repeal of the war taxes. The United States government now has in its vaults more gold than any other nation on earth.

The receipts for the year were \$539,887,526, and the disbursements \$506,176,936. The amount of gold in the treasury is \$631,639,898, including that against which gold certificates have been issued and the \$150,000,000 of gold reserve fund.

Surplus Surprises.
The large amount of the surplus was unexpected. At the beginning of the fiscal year it was anticipated that the reduction of internal revenue taxes by the repealing of the war taxes would be \$75,000,000, whereas the actual loss was only \$41,761,886. Owing to the enormous importation of partly manufactured goods the customs receipts were greater than those of last year by \$29,434,791.

There was increase of \$9,311,697 in taxes paid on whisky, and the receipts from miscellaneous sources were \$8,727,148 greater than last year, the increase being due to phenomenal sales of public lands in the West.

The sources of the receipts were: Customs, \$283,891,719; internal revenue, \$230,115,256, and miscellaneous, \$44,880,551.

The items of expenditure were: Civil and miscellaneous, \$125,016, \$12; increase, \$11,546,985.

War (including river and harbors), \$118,549,638; increase, \$6,277,468.

Navy, \$82,696,803; increase, \$14,938,674.

Indians, \$12,931,556; increase, \$2,851,971.

Pensions, \$138,425,618; decrease, \$62,942.

Interest, \$28,556,618; decrease, \$551,427.

Total, \$506,176,936; increase, \$34,855,732.

Work of the Mints.
During the fiscal year just ended the mints of the United States coined 205,891,462 pieces, of which 19,182,824 were pesos and various denominations of centavos for the Philippines; 750,000 were for the government of Venezuela, and 1,360,000 for Columbia. The total value of American coins executed was \$74,203,000, against \$94,526,678 in the previous year.

There was a decrease of \$16,278,800 in the value of gold coined, and a slight increase in minor coinage. Deposits of gold with the mints and assay offices during the year, however, increased \$17,222,279 over those of the previous year, the total being \$134,203,108.

Bank Circulation.
The circulation of the national banks at the close of business June 30 aggregated \$413,670,650, being an increase of \$56,998,559 over the previous year. Five hundred and thirty-seven new banks began business in the twelve months just closed, being an increase of more than 100 over those for the previous year.

The number of national banks which failed during the year was five, and seventy-two went into voluntary liquidation. A majority of those which went into liquidation, however, were merely consolidations with other banks.

More Gold Certificates.
The total money in circulation in the United States is \$2,375,343,337, being an increase during the last year of \$126,532,756. Gold certificates alone furnished \$72,957,780 of this increase, the total amount of these notes outstanding being \$409,109,869.

The amount of treasury notes issued under the law of 1890 has been decreased from \$30,000,000 on June 30 last to \$19,243,000, this withdrawal being due to the coinage of silver bullion into standard dollars and subsidiary coins.

The amount of public money deposited with the national banks is \$151,724,432, being an increase of \$27,741,365 during the last twelve months. The number of depositors increased from 574 to 710.

COURT WILL FREE A DOCTOR

Supreme Judges Show Michigan Man Was Wrongfully Convicted.

La Porte, Ind., July 1.—The supreme court of California will free Dr. A. J. Landis of Adamsville, Mich., who was given a seven years' sentence for forgery. Dr. Landis was called west as the doctor, personal friend and adviser of a miserly bachelor who gave him a note of \$15,000 with the injunction that nothing be said of it until the death of the donor. When this condition was complied with eastern heirs of the decedent secured Dr. Landis' prosecution on the forgery charge.

Oil Company Is Bankrupt.
Lima, Ohio, July 1.—Harry H. Adkins has been appointed receiver for the Star Petroleum Company, a \$1,500,000 concern.

Japanese Handkerchiefs.
The Japanese do not send their used handkerchiefs to the wash, but summarily burn them, as they are made of paper. The specimens at a recent exhibition in London were of a texture more beautiful to the eye than linen, and of very small bulk. They cost about half a cent apiece.

ORDERS ADVANCE IN HARD COAL

Trust Said to Have Wiped Out Strike Losses Already.

New York, July 1.—It was officially announced that the anthracite coal companies have advanced the price of coal 10 cents a ton. All of this is a part of the plan recently adopted by the coal trust to force dealers to lay in their supply during the summer months or earlier in the season. The new policy adopted by the coal trust after the strike is resulting in enormous earnings. The statement for the month of May issued by the Reading company caused a big surprise in Wall street. It shows that the enormous losses of the long anthracite coal strike have been overcome in seven months.

MINISTER WILL PRESENT CLAIMS

Germany's Proposal to Discuss Issue Surprises Diplomats.

Washington, July 1.—Senator Quesada, the Cuban minister, has received an inquiry from his government as to what, if any, claims Germany can have against the Cuban government, the Cuban consul general at Hamburg having advised his government that he was informed that the first matter to be taken up by the German minister to Cuba would be the claims of German citizens. Senator Quesada has no information as to any German claims.

Arrest Labor Leader.

Decatur, Ill., July 1.—Eugene Lixweller, secretary of the local Trades assembly and a prominent member of the State Federation of Labor, was arrested for violating the postal laws in sending cards to advertisers in the Los Angeles Times threatening them with boycotts.

Recalls Naval Officers.

Berlin, July 1.—The commander of the German squadron in American waters, Commodore Scheder, and Admiral Count Von Bahlshausen, second in command of the east Asiatic squadron, have been recalled.

Honor for American Fleet.

London, July 1.—The American squadron has been honored by being invited to lie in Porthead Harbor, within the gates of the empire's arsenal, instead of at Spithead.

Irish Lord to Be Host.

Dublin, July 1.—The Earl of Dudley, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, will entertain during the motor races. He will give a garden party in honor of the competitors.

Two Years for Curse.

New York, July 1.—Andrew Brown, sentenced to jail for four years, had two years added to his sentence for saying that he hoped the judge would drop dead.

Famous Bandmaster Dies.

London, July 1.—Dan Godfrey, the famous bandmaster of the Grenadier guards, is dead of paralysis.

Offer Skin For Grafting.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 1.—To save the life of Assistant General Superintendent Wilson Fredericks, who was badly scalded in the Reading Railway wreck, 6,000 men employed by the United States Express Company have volunteered to permit the taking of pieces of skin from their arms.

End of Building Tie-Up.

New York, July 1.—The tie-up in the building trades in this city is at an end. The thirty-seven unions in the United Board of Building Trades have adopted the plan of arbitration drawn up by ex-Judge Samuel P. McConnell, on behalf of the Fuller company.

Dead From Morphine.

Sioux City, Ia., July 1.—A stranger giving the name of Jacob Bateman, died in a Sioux Falls Hotel from an overdose of morphine. Bateman claimed to have come from New York, where he is said to have wealthy sisters.

Predict Auto Slaughter.

Paris, July 1.—The French competitors in the motor Derby race in Ireland report that the course is dangerous because narrow and winding, with one hundred chances for a competitor to break his neck.

Aged Man Kills His Son.

Richmond, Ind., July 1.—Bernard Quinn, aged 74, stabbed and killed his son, James. The deed was done with a pocket knife in self-defense against an attack when the youth was intoxicated.

Refused Warrant for Band.

Joliet, Ill., July 1.—Rev. William Walker was refused a warrant for the arrest of members of a band who had interrupted services by playing near his church.

Will Refund No More Bonds.

Washington, July 1.—Secretary Shaw has announced that no bonds will be refunded under terms of circular No. 34, March 26, 1903.

Two Limited Trains and

Four Fast Express Trains run daily from Chicago to New York over Pennsylvania Short Lines.

"The Keystone Express" leaves Chicago 10:05 a. m., "The Seashore Limited" departs at 10:30 a. m., "The Atlantic Express" at 3:00 p. m., "The Pennsylvania Limited" at 6:00 p. m., and the "New York Express" at 9:00 p. m. For through sleeping car reservations apply to H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., No. 2 Sherman street, Chicago.

BORAX IN MEAT IS HARMLESS

Dr. Wiley Tells Results of Six Months' Test by Government.

Washington, July 1.—The test as to the action of borax and boracic acid on food and digestion, which has been in progress under the direction of Dr. Wiley, head of the chemical bureau of the department of agriculture, came to an end June 30. Dr. Wiley stated that he had found that all but a small fraction of 1 per cent of the preservatives passed away in such wise as not to harm digestion. Dr. Wiley says that salicylic acid will be the next article experimented with.

START BOOM FOR CLEVELAND

Kings County Democrats Cheer Name of Ex-President.

New York, July 1.—The organization of the Kings County Democracy, which is to combat the Willoughby street organization in Brooklyn, resolved itself into a Cleveland demonstration. Over 200 delegates attended the meeting in the Bijou theater. Every mention of the former president's name was enthusiastically cheered. John C. Kelley, internal revenue collector under Cleveland, was elected chairman of the new county committee.

MAY OWN ACRES IN CHICAGO

Henry J. Pierson of Indianapolis Will Claim Big Tract.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 1.—If Henry J. Pierson, who lives here, can furnish sufficient evidence that he is the son of William Wallace Pierson, who died in Greenfield in 1862, just after returning from the civil war, he will in all probability acquire the title to 80 acres of land in Chicago, the estimated value of which is over \$5,000,000. R. M. Coleman, Pierson's attorney, went to Greenfield to get the necessary affidavits and is confident the land can be secured by his client.

Goes to Sea in a Dory.

Halifax, N. S., July 1.—Captain Blackburn in his sixteen-foot dory, America, started from off the Nova Scotia coast for Havre, France. He was towed to sea by a coasting schooner.

Brings \$40,000 From Nome.

Seattle, Wash., July 1.—The steamer Senator has arrived in port from Nome, the third vessel out from Bering sea. The Senator brought \$40,000 in gold from the Nome country.

Russian Crops Are Good.

St. Petersburg, July 1.—The damp, warm weather of the last month has favorably influenced crops throughout European Russia.

GETS \$9,000 OUT OF A CARPET

Officials Extract Gold Dust From Floor Covering in Mint.

San Francisco, Cal., July 1.—The carpets of the adjusting rooms of the United States mint were taken up a few days ago and treated to a process for removing the gold dust. A bar of gold valued at \$9,000 was the result. The carpets were laid six years ago. In the adjusting rooms the coins are filed down to proper weight and the finer gold dust sinks into the carpets.

Towne and Bailey to Talk.

New York, July 1.—Thomas F. Smith, secretary of Tammany, announced that the principal speeches of the society's Fourth of July celebration would be made by ex-United States Senator Charles A. Towne, formerly of Minnesota, and Senator Bailey of Texas.

Yellow Fever.

Oaxaca, Mexico, July 1.—According to an official statement from the governor of the state of Oaxaca yellow fever has made its appearance in Tehuantepec.

Political Crisis in Peru.

Lima, Peru, July 1.—The political crisis continues. The attempt made to bring about an understanding between the different parties has collapsed.

Baseball Fractures Skull.

Coshocton, O., July 1.—Newton Van Horn, aged 17, has been instantly killed by being hit by a "foul tip" baseball. His skull was fractured.

NEWS OF THE COUNTY

TOWN OF JANESVILLE

Town of Janesville, June 29.—A picnic will be held Saturday afternoon July 4, at Mages' springs. All are cordially invited to come with well filled lunch baskets.

John Passchell and wife visited at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Chas. Resch in army.

Joseph Schultz and family visited at the home of Chas. Renner Sunday. Wm. Ross, a former resident of our town was calling on our people last week.

E. E. Burdick called on B. W. Little and family Friday.

Mildred Ingle is home from her visit east of the city.

EDGERTON

Edgerton, June 30.—Mr. and Mrs. Phil Bonn left Tuesday for the east where they expect to visit for a number of weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Pelton of Madison were Edgerton guests on Tuesday.

Mrs. Marge Donovan left for her home in Hartland, Minn., after spending a few weeks here.

Matt Reynolds of California visited his sister Mrs. Jos. Leary a few days last week.

Mrs. Zimmerman of Burlington is a guest of her brother Arthur Warner.

Brown Bros. have sold their res-

taurant to H. Liddleker who will take possession this week.

Miss Margaret McGiffin of Janesville spent a portion of last week with Edgerton friends.

Miss Clara Harrarves is a visitor in Beloit.

Miss Minnie Isaac has returned from Oconomoc.

C. L. Brown and wife of Hammond, Ia., are visiting Wisconsin relatives and friends. Mr. Brown was in Edgerton for a short visit last week.

Miss Jeannette Atwood is home from Los Angeles, Cal., to spend her vacation with her parents here.

A very interesting game of ball was played at the Driving park Saturday afternoon between Milton and Edgerton, resulting in a score of 5 to 3 in favor of the former.

Charles Earle was brought here from Sparta Friday and taken to his mother's home. Mr. Earle has been ill for some time, but his condition was not considered serious until lately.

Over from Janesville and Edgerton took dinner at Hickory Lodge; W. Tallman's camp at Lake Koshkonong on Sunday.

Frank Horton has purchased the livery barn and stock of C. H. Bliven.

Ed Rolfsen's sister and her husband arrived from Norway Sunday evening and expect to move their home here.

The contract for the new Catholic church to be built here was let Friday to Charles Stewart, of Janesville.

Twin boys were born to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Clatworthy, Monday, June 29th.

A reception was held at the home of Chas. Mabbett Thursday for Mrs. Simonds who formerly resided in this place. Mr. Simonds being the pastor of the M. E. church at that time.

SOUTHWEST LIMA
Southwest Lima, June 30.—Charles Hunt and wife attended the anniversary of their cousin near Whitewater Saturday.

Mrs. Henry Romey of Fort Atkinson visited with her parents over Sunday. Her sisters, Misses Agnes and Martha Krantz, returned with her for a week's visit.

The barn dance at Westrich's on Thursday night was largely attended. Everyone present reported an enjoyable time.

Will Schemmel and John Lackner, each purchased two cows last week.

There was a dance at Yonkee's on Saturday night.

Mr. Fred Sobell of Indian Ford visited over Sunday with Mr. John Lackner.

Mr. Chas. Branks was a visitor at Maple Grove farm on Sunday evening.

RICHMOND

Richmond, June 30.—Mr. and Mrs. William Matthews pleasantly entertained a company of friends Sunday.

A number from here attended the Children Day exercises at the U. B. church at Rock Prairie on Sunday evening.

M. T. Colby representing George Mithrum & Co. of Chicago was in this vicinity again last week.

An Epworth League Sunday school rally was held at the Utter's Corners church all day Sunday.

Mrs. J. M. Judy will entertain her mother and sister from Danville, Ill. for several days.

Tess McGowan

Mr. Herman W. Tess and Miss Anna McGowan both of Johnston were quietly married at the F. B. parsonage in North Johnston on Thursday evening, June 25th, 1903.

Rev. A. Langfield officiating. Both parties to the contract are well and favorably known by a host of friends who extend the heartiest congratulations.

The newly wedded pair went immediately to the spacious farm home of the groom at Six Corners where they will reside.

Special Excursion Rates

Low rate round-trip tickets to Fond du Lac and Intermediate stations, good every Sunday until Sept. 27, 1903.

Very Low Rates to Saratoga Springs, N. Y.
July 4 and 5, with final return limit by extension until July 21 inclusive, on account of annual meeting I. C. N. O. M. S.

Very Low Rates to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo and Return.
Via the North-Western Line, July 1 to 10 inclusive, with final return limit until and including August 31, 1903, account of C. E. convention. Stop over privileges and choice of routes. Side trips can be made at reduced excursion rates to various Colorado points, to the summit of

rates and tickets apply to ticket agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Special Reduced Excursion Rates.
Will begin effect from all points on the Chicago & North-Western Rail for the occasions named below:

National Educational association, Boston, July 6th to 10th.

Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Saratoga Springs, N. Y., July 7th to 10th.

United Christian Endeavor, Denver, July 9th to 13th.

Epworth League, Detroit, Mich., July 16th to 19th.

B. P. O. E., Baltimore, Md., July 21st to 23d.

G. A. R. meeting, San Francisco, August 17th to 22d.

Summer Excursion Rates to Colorado, Utah, and the Black Hills via C. & N. W. R'y.
On sale June 1st to Sept. 30th. Limit, Oct. 31st. For full information see ticket agent C. & N. W. passenger depot.

For information as to rates, dates of sale, etc., of these or other occasions, call upon the ticket agent of the North-Western Line.

At the very Tip-top of all beers is

**Gund's
Peerless**

Bottled BEER

"The Beer of Good Cheer"

In the heat of the day and in the cool of the evening, its use promotes good health, good feelings and good fellowship.

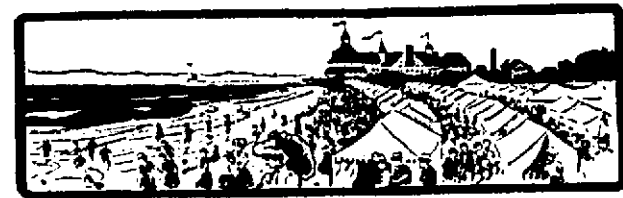
Send for Free Souvenir Booklet.

John Gund Brewing Co., - La Crosse, Wis.

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Very Low Excursion Rates to Boston. Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold June 30 to July 4, inclusive, limited to return until July 12, inclusive, on account of N. E. A. annual meeting.

Fourth of July Excursion Rates. Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold to points within 200 miles of selling station, July 3 and 4, good returning until July 6th, inclusive.

Very Low Excursion Rates to Boston, Mass. June 30 to July 4, inclusive, with a special return limit by extension, until Sept. on account of N. E. A. annual meeting, variable routes. Stop-overs allowed at Detroit, Niagara Falls, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and other specified points.

Very Low Rates to Atlanta, Ga. Tickets will be sold July 5, 6 and 7, with final return limit by extension until Aug. 15 inclusive, on account of B. Y. P. U. Annual convention.

SPECIAL EXCURSION RATES. Will be in effect from all points on the Chicago & North-Western Railway for the occasions named below:

Boston, July 6th to 10th, National Educational Association.

Saratoga Springs, N. Y., July 7th to 10th, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

Atlanta, Ga., July 9th to 12th, Baptist Young People's Union of America.

Denver, July 9th to 13th, United Society of Christian Endeavor.

Detroit, Mich., July 16th to 19th, International Epworth League.

Baltimore, Md., July 21st to 23rd, B. P. O. E.

San Francisco, August 17th to 22d, G. A. R. meeting.

Deadwood, S. D., Sept. 7th to 11th, International Mining congress.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 21st to 26th, Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F.

For information as to rates, dates of sale, etc., of these or other occasions, call upon the ticket agent of the Chicago & North-Western Line.

Very Low Excursion Rates to Musical Festival, American-Swedish Singers at Minneapolis Minn. Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at reduced rates July 20, 21, and 22, limited to return until July 27, inclusive.

Excursion Rates to Ashland, Wis. Via the North-Western Line. Tickets will be sold at reduced rates July 13,

ABNER DANIEL

By
WILL N. HARBEN

Author of
"Waste-felt"

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Continued From Yesterday.

CHAPTER IX.

THERE is a certain class of individuals that will gather around a man in misfortune, and it differs very little, if it differs at all, from the class that gathers itself in the glow of a man's prosperity.

Horses were hitched to the fence from the front gate all the way round to the side entrance. The mountain people seemed to have left their various occupations to subtly enjoy the spectacle of a common man like themselves who had reached too far after forbidden fruit and lay motionless and torn before them.

Their disapproval of the old man's effort to hurry Providence could not have been better shown than in the failure of them all to comment on the rascally conduct of the Atlanta lawyer. They even chuckled over that part of the incident. To their minds Perkins was a sort of faroff personification of a necessary evil, who, like the devil himself, was evidently created to show mortals their limitations.

The Rev. Charles B. Dole, a tall, spare man of sixty, who preached the first, second, third and fourth Sundays of each month in four different meeting houses within a day's ride of Bishop's, came around as the guest of the farmhouse as often as his circuit would permit. He was called the "lightning preacher" because he had had several fearless hand to hand encounters with certain moonshiners whose conduct he had ventured to call ungodly because unlawful.

On the second Saturday after Bishop's mishap, as Dole was to preach the next day at Rock Crest meeting house, he rode up as usual and turned his horse into the stable and fed him with his own hands. Then he joined Abner Daniel on the veranda. Abner had seen him ride up and purposely buried his head in his newspaper to keep from offering to take the horse, for Abner did not like the preacher "any to hurt," as he would have put it.

Dole did not care much for Abner either. They had engaged in several doctrinal discussions in which the preacher waxed furious over some of Abner's views, which he described as decidedly unorthodox. Daniel had kept his temper beautifully and had the appearance of being amused through it all, and this Dole found harder to forgive than anything Abner had said.

"You all have had some trouble, I hear, since I saw you last," said the preacher as he sat down and began to wipe his perspiring brow with a big handkerchief.

"Well, I reckon it might be called that," Abner replied as he carefully folded his newspaper and put it into his coat pocket. "None of us was expectin' it, an' it sorter busted our calculations. Alf had laid out to put new high back benches in Rock Crest, an' new lamps an' everything another, an' it seems to me—Abner wiped his too facile mouth—"like I heard 'em say one day that you wasn't paid enough fer yore thunder an' that he'd sit around an' see what could be done." Abner's eyes twinkled. "But, lawdy me! I reckon ef he kin possibly raise the reads to pay the tax on his investment next year he'll do all the Lord expects."

"Huh, I reckon," grunted Dole, irritated, as usual, by Abner's double meaning. "I take it that the Lord hasn't got much to do with human speculations one way or other."

"Ef I just had that scamp that roped 'im in before ez a minute, I'd fix 'im," said Abner. "Do you know what denomination Perkins belongs to?"

"No, I don't," Dole blurted out. "An', what's more, I don't care."

"Well, I acknowledge it sorter interests me," went on the philosopher in an incoherent tone. "Because, Brother Dole, you kin often trace a man's good or bad doin's to his belief in Bible matters. Maybe you don't remember Jabe Lyman that sold Tim Wilson's stump suckin' boss an' was ketchin' an' put up. I was at the courthouse in Darley when he received his sentence. His wife sent me to 'im to carry his pipe an' one thing or other—a pair of socks an' other necessary tricks, a little can o' lye soap, fer one thing. She hadn't the time to go, as she said she had a patch o' young corn to hoe out. I found 'im as happy as ef he was goin' off on an excursion. He laughed an' 'lowed it ud be some time 'fore he got back, an' I wondered what could 'a made 'im so contented, so I made some inquiries on that line. I found that he was a firm believer in predestination an' that what was to be was foreordained. He said that he firmly believed he was predestinated to go to the coal mines fer hoss stealin', an' that life was too short to be kicken' up in the Lord's way o' runnin' matters. Besides, he said, he'd heard that they issued a plug o' tobacco a week to chawin' prisoners, an' he could prove that he was one o' that sort ef they'd look how he'd ground his jaw teeth down to the gums."

"Huh," grunted Dole again, his sharp gray eyes on Abner's face as if he half believed that some of his own theories were being sneered at. It was true that he, being a Methodist, had not advocated a belief in predestination, but

Abner Daniel had on more than one occasion shown a decided tendency to lurch all stringent religious opinions together and cast them down as out of date. When in doubt in a conversation with Abner, the preacher assumed a coldness on the outside that was often not consistent with the fires within him. "I don't see what all that's got to do with Brother Bishop's mistake," he said frigidly as he leaned back in his chair.

"It seems to me wonderin' what denomination Perkins belongs to, that's all," said Abner, with another smile. "I know in reason he's a big like in some church in Atlanta, for I never knowed a lawyer that wasn't foremost in that way o' doin' good. I'll bet a hockie he belongs to some Malutun crowd o' worshippers that kneel down on soft cushions an' believe in scopin' in all their kin in the Lord's name, an' that charity begins at home. I think that myself, Brother Dole, fer that never was a plant as hard to git rooted as charity is, an' a body ought to have it whar they kin watch it close. I'll die a heap o' times ef you jest look at it, an' it mighty nigh always has had it on a drought to contend with."

Just then Pole Baker, who has already been introduced to the reader, rose up to the fence and hitched his horse. He nodded to the two men on the veranda and went around to the smokehouse to get a piece of bacon Bishop had promised to sell him on credit.

"Huh," Dole grunted, and he crossed his long legs and swung his foot up and down nervously. He had the look of a man who was wondering why such innumerable bees as Abner should so often accompany a free dinner. He had never felt drawn to the man, and he irritated him to think that just when his essential facilities needed rest Abner always managed to introduce the very topics which made it necessary for him to keep his wits about him.

"Take that feller thar," Abner went on, referring to Dole. "He's about the bestest customer in this county, an' yet he's never managed right now. He's got a wife an' seven children an' is a body better when he gets drunk. He used to be the biggest dardest moonshiner in all these mountains, but Abner kept his friends in 'im first one way an' another till he up one day an' axed Abner what he could do fer 'im. Abner axed money, yore shoun' kind o' Christians. He shoun' a mumble to ez a shindin' when he wants an' knows the see from a tumpen, but he gits thar with every chainin' the air when some's hands to be done. So when Pole axed 'im that Abner jest said, as quiet as ef he was an 'im fer a match to light a cigar. 'Quit yore moonshinin', Pole.' That was all he said. Pole looked 'im straight in the eye fer a minute an' then said: 'Alan Bishop, you don't mean that?'

"Yes, I do, Pole," said Alan. "Quit! Quit smokin' off!"

"You ax that as a favor?" said Pole.

"Yes, as a favor," said Alan. "An' you are goin' to do it too."

"Then I'd begun to contend with 'im. 'You are axin' that becuse you think I'll be ketchin' up with,' he said, but I tell you the ain't no man on the face of the earth that could find my self now. You could stand in two feet of the door to it all day an' not find it if you looked fer it with a spyglass. I kin make bug juice all the rest o' my life an' sell it without bein' ketchin'."

"I want you to give it up," said Alan, an' Pole did. It was like pullin' an eye tooth, but Pole yanked it out. Alan was workin' on 'im now to git 'im to quit liquor, but that ain't so easy. He could walk a crack with a 'cannon shoun' an' be 'im. Now, as I started to say, Alan ain't got no an' drink, denomination an' don't have to walk any particular kind o' foot log to do his work, but it's a goin' on jest the same. Now I don't mean no reflection on yore way o' hitchin' wings on folks, but I do believe you could preach yore sermons—such as they are—in Pole Baker's gear till Gabriel blowed his lungs out, an' Pole'd still be moonshinin'. An' sometimes I think that such fellows as Alan Bishop ort to be paid fer what they do in betterin' the world. I don't see why yore fella's ort always to be allowed to rake in the jack pot unless yore'd accomplish more'n outsiders that jest turn their hands to the job at odd times."

Dole drew himself up straight and glared at the offender.

"I think that is a rather personal remark, Brother Daniel," he said coldly. "Well, maybe it is," returned Abner. "But I didn't mean fer it to be. I've heard you praise up certain preachers fer the good they was a doin', an' I saw no harm in mentionin' Alan's method. I reckon it's jest a case o' the shoe bein' on another foot. I was goin' to tell you how this misfortune o' Alf's had affected Pole. He was like a crazy man ever since it happened. It's been all Alan could do to keep 'im from goin' to Atlanta an' chokin' the life out o' Perkins. Pole got so mad when he wouldn't let 'im go that he went off enshin' 'im fer all he was worth. I wonder whar sort of a denunciation a man ud fit into that 'I cuss his best friends black an' blue becuse they won't let 'im fight fer 'em. Yes, he'll fight, an' ef he ever does line the ranks above he'll do the work o' ten men when thar's blood to spill. I seed 'im in a row

of 'em tharin' election when he was losin' fer a friend o' his'n. He stood right at the polls an' wanted to sluz every man that voted in 'im. He knocked three men's teeth down



"Say thar, Pole," Abner called out, thar throats an' buns up two more so that they looked like they had on false faces."

After the preacher permitted himself to laugh. Being a fighting man himself, this heart warmed toward a man who seemed to be born to that sort of thing.

"He looks like he could do a sight of it," was his comment. At this juncture the subject of the conversation came around the house, carrying a big piece of bacon wrapped in a tow grain bag.

"Say thar, Pole," Abner called out to the long, lank fellow. "We are goin' to have preachin' at Rock Crest to-morrow. You'd better have a shirt washed an' hung out to dry. They are axin' the bushes fer yore sort."

Pole Baker paused and brushed back his long, thick hair from his heavy eyebrows. "I've been a waitin' to see ef meetin' ever 'd do you any good, Uncle Ab," he laughed. "They tell me the more you go the wuss you git to be. Nell Filmore said the other day ef you didn't quit shoun' off yore mouth they'd give you a trial in meethin'."

Abner laughed good naturedly as he spat over the edge of the veranda door to the ground.

"That's been talked, I know, Pole," he said. "But they don't mean it. They all know how to take my fun. But you came on to meethin'. It will do you good."

"Well, maybe I will," promised Pole. And he came to the steps, and, putting his bacon down, he bent toward them.

"It's a powerful hard matter to know exactly whar's right an' whar's wrong in some things," he said. "Now, looky here." Throwing his hand down into the pocket of his trousers, he drew out a piece of quartz rock, with a lump of yellow gold about the size of a pea half imbedded in it. "That thar's pure gold. I got it this away. A feller that used to be my right bower in my still business left me when I swore off an' went over to Dulonga to work in them mines. Tother day he was back on a visit, an' he give me this chunk an' said he'd found it. Now, I know in reason that he nabbed it while he was at work, but I don't think I'd have a right to report it to the mine's company, an' so I'm jest obliged to receive stolen goods. It ain't worth more'n a dollar, they tell me, an' I'll hang on to it, I reckon, rather 'n have a laborin' man discharged from a job. I'm tryin' my level best to live up to the line now, an' I don't know how to manage such a thing as that. I've come to the conclusion that no harm will be done no how, becuse miners ain't too well paid anyway, an' ef I jest keep it an' don't git no good out of it I won't be in it any more 'n ef I'd never got hold o' the blamed thing."

"But the law, Brother Baker," said Dole solemnly. "Without the law we'd be an awful lot o' people, an' every man ort to uphold it. Render the things that are Caesar's unto Caesar."

Pole's face was blank for a moment, and Abner came to his rescue with a broad smile and sudden laugh.

"I reckon you don't remember him, Pole," he said. "He's dead. He was a nigger that used to belong to old man Throgmartin, in the cove. He used to be such an awful thief during slavery days that it got to be a common sayin' that everything lyin' round might as well be his'n, fer he'd take it sooner or later anyway."

"I've heard o' that nigger," said Pole, much to the preacher's disgust, which grew as Pole continued: "Well, they say a feller that knows the law is broke an' don't report it is as guilty as the man who does the breakin'. Now, Mr. Dole, you know how I come by this nugget, an' ef you want to do your full duty you'll ride over to Dulonga an' report it to the right parties. I can't afford the trip."

Abner laughed out at this and then forced a serious look on his face. "That's what you rally ort to do, Brother Dole," he said. "Them Cassars over thar ud appreciate it."

Then Mrs. Bishop came out to shake hands with the preacher and invited him to go to his room to wash his face and hands. As the tall man followed his hostess away Abner winked slyly

at Pole and laughed under his long, sawnny hand.

"Uncle Ab, you ort to be killed," said Pole. "You've been settin' hear the last half hour pokin' fun at that feller, an' you know it. Well, I'm goin' on home. Sally's a goin' to fry some o' this truck fer me, an' I'm as hungry as a bear."

A few minutes after he had gone Dole came out of his room and sat down in his chair again. "That seems to be a sorter bright young man," he remarked.

"As bright as a new dollar," returned Abner in a tone of warm admiration. "Did you notice that big, wedge shaped head o' his'n? It's plumb full o' brains. One day a feller come down to Filmore's store. He made a business o' feelin' o' bonds an' writin' out charts at 25 cents apiece. He didn't waste much time on the rest o' the scabs he examined, but when he got to Pole's noggin he talked fer a good hour. I never heard the like. He said of his talents had been properly directed Pole ud 'a made a big public man. He said he hadn't run across such a head in a month o' Sundays. He was right, you bet, an' every one o' the seven brats Pole's got is jest as peert as he is. They are a-crowin' up in idleness an' rags too. I wish I could meet some o' them dern big Yankees that are a-sendin' their money down heer an' buildin' fine schools to educate niggers. an' neglectin' their own race becuse it fit agin' 'em. You can't hardly beat farmin' into a nigger's head, an' it ud be only common sense to spend money whar it ud do the most good. I ain't got nothin' agin' a nigger bein' lured to read an' write, but I can't stomach their bein' forced ahead o' deservin' white folks sooner 'n the Lord counted on. Them kind o' Yankees is the same sort that makes pets o' dogs an' pampers 'em up when pore white children is in need of food an' affection."

"Pole looks like he had natural capacity," said Dole. He was fond of conversing with Abner on any topic except that of religious matters.

"He'd make a lung up detective," laughed Abner. "One day I was at Filmore's store. Nell sometimes, when he's rushed, gits Pole to clerk fer 'im, becuse he's quick at figures. It happened that Pole had the store to 'imself one day when Nell had gone off to cut down a bee tree with a piasse o' neighbors, an' a trillin' feller come in an' begun to nose about. An' when Pole's back was turned to weigh up some cotton in the seed he stole a pocket-book out o' the showcase. I reckon Pole didn't like his looks much now, fer as soon as the skunk had gone he begun to look about to see ef he'd tuck anything. All at once he missed the pocketbook an' told Nell that night that he was mighty high shore the feller lifted it, but he couldn't rally swear to it. About a week after that he seed the same feller comin' down the road headed fer the store on his gray mule. Me an' Nell was both thar, an' Pole hustled us in the back room an' told us to stay thar. He said he was a goin' to find out of the feller stole the book. Nell was afeard of a row an' tried to prevent 'im, but he jest shoved us back an' shet the door on us. Nell got 'im a crack in the partition, an' I found me a knot-hole.

"The feller hitched an' come in an' said howdy do an' started to take a cheer nigh the door, but Pole stopped 'im."

"Come heer to the showcase," said he. "I want to show you somethin'." The feller went, an' I seed Pole yank out the box 'at had the rest o' the pocket-books in it. 'Look y' heer,' Pole said in a loud, steady voice—you could 'a heard 'im clean to the creek—'look y' heer. The regular price of these books is fifty cents; that's what we sell 'em fer; but you've got to run yore hand down in yore pocket an' give me a dollar fer one quicker'n you ever made a trade in yore life."

"What do you mean?" the feller said.

"I mean exactly what I said, an' you are a-joshin' time," said Pole, talkin' louder an' louder. "The price is fifty cents; but you got to gi' me a dollar fer 'em. I haul 'em out, my friend; haul 'em out! I'll be the cheapest thing you ever bought in yore life."

"The feller was as white as a sheet. He gulped two or three times 'fore he spoke; then he said: 'I know what you think. You think I took one fother day when I was lookin' in the showcase, but you are mistaken.'"

"I never said a word about you takin' one," Pole yelled at 'im, but you'd better yank out that dollar an' buy one. You need it."

"The feller did it. I heard the money clink as he laid it on the glass, an' I knowed he was convicted."

"They are all wuth 50 cents," he said kinder faintlike.

"Yore a liar," Pole yelled at 'im, fer you've jest paid a dollar fer one on yore own account. Now I'll jest give you two minutes to straddle that mule. Ef you don't, I'll take you to the sheriff myself, you thief."

"I've always done my tradin' heer," said the feller, thinkin' that 'd sorter pacify Pole, but he said: 'Yes, an' yore stealin', too, I reckon, you black livered jailbird. Git out, git out!'"

"Me 'n' Nell come in when the feller 'd gone, but Pole was actually too mad to speak. He got off too durried light," he said after awhile. "I could 'a sold 'im a big bill o' goods at 100 per cent profit, fer he had plenty o' money. Now he's ridin' off laughin' at me."

To Be Continued.

Troops and Peasants Clash. Vienna, July 1.—One thousand peasants at Koprientz, Croatia, attacked the troops quartered there and five persons were killed.

Turkish Crops Are Damaged. Constantinople, July 1.—The crops on several princines have been seriously damaged by recent torrential rains and hail.

JANESVILLE MARKET PRICES

Quotations on Grain and Produce Reported for the Gazette.

Reported by F. A. APOON & CO.

June 29, 1903.

WHEAT—1st Pat. at \$1.15 to \$1.20; 2nd Pat. at \$1.05 to \$1.10 per sack.

WHEAT—No. 2 Winter, 72¢; No. 3 Spring, 76¢.

RYE—By sample, at \$1.50 per bu.

HAULY—Fair to good maiting, 40¢; musty grade, 30¢.

CORN—Ear, per ton, \$11.62 to \$12.00, depending on quality.

GRAYS—Market strong; 35¢ for good 3 Whites, 36¢ for 36¢.

CLOVER—\$1.75 to \$2.00 per bu.

TIFFIN—\$2.00 to \$2.25 per bu.

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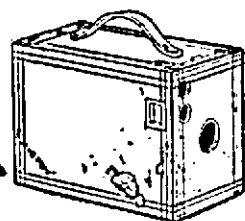
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West End of Bridge.

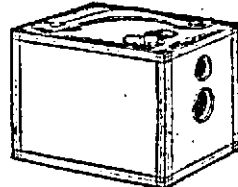
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The Kodak Developing Machine, Price, \$2, \$6, and \$7.50

Amateur Photography

used to be a matter full of difficulties. There used to be trouble in getting outfits and supplies—also in making good pictures—and about price. One would have to remain in the dark room a half hour or more to develop a roll of 6 film or plates.

It Is Different Now.

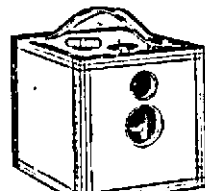
The kodaks are simple, and easy to operate. You can take any kind of pictures with them, and furthermore, they are not expensive; and with the new Kodak Developing Machine, you need not know what a dark room is. Just think of it. All kodak work can now be done by daylight.

Come in and visit OUR KODAK DEPARTMENT, OR SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

See Our KODAK WINDOW DISPLAY THIS WEEK.

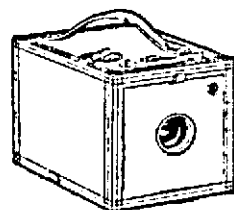
SMITH'S PHARMACY,

Kodak and Kodak Supplies, 2 Registered Pharmacists



No. 2. Flexo Kodak. Price, \$5.00

A splendid kodak for the price.



No. 2 Bull's-Eye Special Kodak, Price \$15.00

An elegant instrument with double lens.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Important Outer Wrap Sale.

We are bent on closing out every **Silk Coat**, long and short, silk or wool **Capes**, taffeta, velour and pean de soie **jackets**, wool **Jackets and Blouses**, and silk or wool garments for **Misses' and Children**.

A Grand Assortment.

You will be astonished at the **littleness of the prices**. Beautiful garments, many of them at **less than half**. Such an opportunity was **never before offered**. You may say this is "newspaper talk" but you will change your tune when you see the rich, handsome creations that can be bought for **so little money**.

Everything for Women for dressy occasions, street wear or traveling

For Misses' For Children—If the little tot or the growing girl needs a light wrap now is the time to buy it.

Many Surprises Await You...

Remember never lower. It costs nothing to look. Again let us remind you that prices for good outer wraps were

Easily Proved.

STUDENTS MUST SETTLE BILLS

Madison Merchants Will Hire Lawyer to Collect From Parents.

Madison, Wis., July 1.—Madison merchants and business men, particularly liverymen and confectioners, have compared accounts of bad bills left by university students and united to compel payment. An attorney will be hired to take the bills of a number of merchants, go to the homes of the students leaving bills and ask the parents to pay up immediately. Legal proceedings will be brought against the sons and daughters if payment is not made.

Fond du Lac Reporter: Senator Ernst Merton of Waukesha is said to have a gubernatorial bee buzzing around in his panama, but declines to be a candidate if La Follette is after a third term. His position is easily understood. There could be no contest between Merton and La Follette for both would want to run on the same platform.



15,000—PEOPLE—15,000 DR. BREWER

Will show you the names, the record of medicines used, and results obtained of over 15,000 people treated by him.

THIS EXPERIENCE SHOULD BE WORTH SOMETHING TO THE SICK.

If you have met DR. BREWER you know him to be candid and honest in all he tells you. He never sacrifices manhood for the dollar nor does he profess to perform wonders but to CURE ALL CURABLE DISEASES. He has had the largest experience of any doctor in the United States in the treatment of chronic diseases. DO NOT GIVE UP IF OTHER DOCTORS HAVE FAILED.

GET THE BENEFIT OF HIS EXPERIENCE FREE.

We are prepared to show successful results in treating diseases of the Liver, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Kidneys, Brain, Nerves, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Debility, Youthful Indiscretion, Cancer, Old Sores, Tumors, Fits, Diabetes, Pneumonia, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Influenza, Asthma, Scrofula, Pimples, Eruptions, Humors, Blisters and diseases long standing.

ADDRESS DR. F. B. BREWER, 1234 CHICAGO AVE., EVANSTON, ILL.

Dr. Brewer will be at the Park House, Janesville, Saturday, JULY 4th.

RACES ...AT... BELOIT, July 4

THE MOST IMPORTANT RACING EVENT in southern Wisconsin this year will take place next Saturday afternoon July 4th, at the Driving park in the City of Beloit. The fastest of horses in this section of the West have been entered. Four events will be pulled off as follows:

Free For All Pace & Trot.

For \$150 purse. Best three in five.

Trot & Pace, 2:30 Class.

For a \$100 purse. Best three in five.

Three Minute Class Trot & Pace.

For a \$75 purse. Best two in three.

One-Half Mile Running Race.

For a \$100 purse. Four to start and best two in three.

The entries will close at noon on July 4th.

Address all communications to

D. H. POLLOCK,

Secretary.

BELOIT, WIS.

Excursion Rates on all Railroads.

Prepare For the 4th. ..Oxfords..

For The Nation's Holiday.



YOU won't be dressed right unless you wear them. We're prepared for an immense Oxford Sale for the coming days before the Fourth. We have engaged extra help to wait upon you promptly and courteously.

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

The climax of this year's Oxford selling will be centered in this Three Days Sale.

\$3.00 Men's Patent Colt, Velour Calf and Vici Kid. \$3.00 Sale Price.....

\$2.85 Women's Patent Kid Patent Leather, Vici Kid; in heavy or light soles. Special..... \$2.85

\$1.95 For Patent Leather or Forderer's finest Vici Kid Oxfords, welted or light turn sole Spec. \$1.95

Others at \$1.50, \$1.25 and \$1.000

Misses' Strap Slippers and Oxfords at \$1.25, \$1., 85c, 75c, 65c 50c.

Our June reduction sale in our Clothing department is bringing lots of customers. Come and look—it cost you nothing.

AMOS. REHBERG & CO.

Shoes & Clothing.

Two Complete Department